



DIGEST OF HB 1172 (Updated February 26, 2008 5:26 pm - DI 104)

**Citations Affected:** IC 10-14; IC 12-7; IC 12-31; IC 16-18; IC 16-20; IC 16-21; IC 16-22; IC 16-27; IC 16-28; IC 24-4; IC 25-1; IC 25-2.5; IC 25-13; IC 25-14; IC 25-20.5; IC 25-23; IC 25-23.3; IC 25-23.5; IC 25-23.6; IC 34-30; noncode.

Synopsis: Various professions and occupations. Codifies the uniform emergency volunteer health practitioners act to provide a procedure for recognizing other states' licenses for health practitioners who volunteer to provide assistance during an emergency requiring significant health care assistance. Requires the office of the secretary of family and social services to form a nonprofit corporation to establish and operate an umbilical cord blood bank. Requires the nonprofit corporation to establish an umbilical cord blood donation initiative to promote public awareness concerning the medical benefits of umbilical cord blood. Requires beginning July 1, 2008, and until June 30, 2009, a home health agency and a personal services agency to obtain an employee's limited criminal history not more than three business days after the date that an employee begins to provide services. Establishes criteria when (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2008.

## Welch, Brown C

(SENATE SPONSORS — MISHLER, BRODEN, MILLER)

January 10, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health. January 24, 2008, amended, reported — Do Pass. January 28, 2008, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed. January 29, 2008, read third time, passed. Yeas 81, nays 14.

SENATE ACTION

January 29, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider

February 21, 2008, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass. February 26, 2008, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.











a nursing home is not required to provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation or other intervention on a patient who has died. Makes certain changes to the law concerning defibrillators in health clubs. Amends the definition of "regulated occupation". Removes physician referral requirements to receive acupuncture and specifies training and testing requirements. Amends the places a dental hygienist may practice under direct supervision, prescriptive supervision, and without supervision of a dentist. Establishes requirements for a dental hygienist to administer local dental anesthesia. Requires a dental assistant to work under the direct supervision of a dentist. Specifies certain procedures that may and may not be delegated to a dental assistant. Exempts licensed mental health counselors from the licensed hypnotist requirements. Establishes the interstate nurse licensure compact beginning July 1, 2009. Allows the state board of nursing to issue a registered nurse's license certain applicants. Requires specified examination and registration fees to be used for the rehabilitation of impaired registered nurses and impaired licensed practical nurses. Allows an optometrist to refer patients to an occupational therapist. Establishes licensing and continuing education requirements for marriage and family therapist associates. Requires the office of Medicaid policy and planning to receive approval to cover umbilical cord transplants under the Medicaid program. Makes conforming changes. Requires the health finance commission to address domestic violence programs. Repeals a provision that abolishes and transfers the rights, powers, and duties of the state board of examination and registration of nurses.







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## Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1172

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health and professions and occupations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 10-14-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. As used in this
3	chapter, "emergency management worker" includes any full-time or
4	part-time paid, volunteer, or auxiliary employee of:
5	(1) the state;
6	(2) other:
7	(A) states;
8	(B) territories; or
9	(C) possessions;
10	(3) the District of Columbia;
11	(4) the federal government;
12	(5) any neighboring country;
13	(6) any political subdivision of an entity described in subdivisions
14	(1) through (5); or
15	(7) any agency or organization;
16	performing emergency management services at any place in Indiana

subject to the order or control of, or under a request of, the state



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	CECTION	2	IC	10	1.4	2	12	TC	AME	NDEE	`	TO	DEAD	A C

SECTION 2. IC 10-14-3-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) The governor shall declare a disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation if the governor determines that a disaster has occurred or that the occurrence or the threat of a disaster is imminent. The state of disaster emergency continues until the governor:

- (1) determines that the threat or danger has passed or the disaster has been dealt with to the extent that emergency conditions no longer exist; and
- (2) terminates the state of disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation.

A state of disaster emergency may not continue for longer than thirty (30) days unless the state of disaster emergency is renewed by the governor. The general assembly, by concurrent resolution, may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time. If the general assembly terminates a state of disaster emergency under this subsection, the governor shall issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency. All executive orders or proclamations issued under this subsection must indicate the nature of the disaster, the area or areas threatened, and the conditions which have brought the disaster about or that make possible termination of the state of disaster emergency. An executive order or proclamation under this subsection shall be disseminated promptly by means calculated to bring the order's or proclamation's contents to the attention of the general public. Unless the circumstances attendant upon the disaster prevent or impede, an executive order or proclamation shall be promptly filed with the secretary of state and with the clerk of the city or town affected or with the clerk of the circuit court.

- (b) An executive order or proclamation of a state of disaster emergency:
  - (1) activates the disaster response and recovery aspects of the state, local, and interjurisdictional disaster emergency plans applicable to the affected political subdivision or area; and
  - (2) is authority for:
    - (A) deployment and use of any forces to which the plan or plans apply; and
    - (B) use or distribution of any supplies, equipment, materials, and facilities assembled, stockpiled, or arranged to be made available under this chapter or under any other law relating to disaster emergencies.

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1	(c) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency, the
2	governor is commander-in-chief of the organized and unorganized
3	militia and of all other forces available for emergency duty. To the
4	greatest extent practicable, the governor shall delegate or assign
5	command authority by prior arrangement embodied in appropriate
6	executive orders or regulations. This section does not restrict the
7	governor's authority to delegate or assign command authority by orders
8	issued at the time of the disaster emergency.
9	(d) In addition to the governor's other powers, the governor may do
10	the following while the state of emergency exists:
11	(1) Suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing
12	the procedures for conduct of state business, or the orders, rules,
13	or regulations of any state agency if strict compliance with any of
14	these provisions would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay
15	necessary action in coping with the emergency.
16	(2) Use all available resources of the state government and of
17	each political subdivision of the state reasonably necessary to
18	cope with the disaster emergency.
19	(3) Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of state
20	departments and agencies or units for performing or facilitating
21	emergency services.
22	(4) Subject to any applicable requirements for compensation
23	under section 31 of this chapter, commandeer or use any private
24	property if the governor finds this action necessary to cope with
25	the disaster emergency.
26	(5) Assist in the evacuation of all or part of the population from
27	any stricken or threatened area in Indiana if the governor
28	considers this action necessary for the preservation of life or other
29	disaster mitigation, response, or recovery.
30	(6) Prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and destinations in
31	connection with evacuation.
32	(7) Control ingress to and egress from a disaster area, the
33	movement of persons within the area, and the occupancy of
34	premises in the area.
35	(8) Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of
36	alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives, and combustibles.
37	(9) Make provision for the availability and use of temporary
38	emergency housing.
39	(10) Allow persons who:
40	(A) are registered as volunteer health practitioners by an
41	approved registration system under IC 10-14-3.5; or

(B) hold a license to practice medicine, dentistry, pharmacy,



1	nursing, engineering, veterinary medicine, mortuary
2	service, and similar other professions as may be specified by
3	the governor to practice their respective profession in Indiana
4	during the period of the state of emergency if the state in
5	which a person's license was issued has a mutual aid compact
6	for emergency management with Indiana.
7	(11) Give specific authority to allocate drugs, foodstuffs, and
8	other essential materials and services.
9	SECTION 3. IC 10-14-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
10	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2008]:
12	Chapter 3.5. Uniform Emergency Volunteer Health
13	Practitioners Act
14	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "disaster relief organization"
15	means an entity that provides emergency or disaster relief services
16	that include health or veterinary services provided by volunteer
17	health practitioners and:
18	(1) is designated or recognized as a provider of the services
19	under a disaster response and recovery plan adopted by an
20	agency of the federal government or the state emergency
21	management agency; or
22	(2) regularly plans and conducts the entity's activities in
23	coordination with an agency of the federal government or the
24	state emergency management agency.
25	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "emergency" means an event or
26	condition that is an emergency, a disaster, or a public health
27	emergency under this article.
28	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "emergency declaration" means
29	a declaration of emergency issued by a person authorized to do so
30	under state or local laws of Indiana.
31	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "Emergency Management
32	Assistance Compact" means the federal interstate compact under
33	P.L.104-321, 110 Stat. 3877.
34	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "entity" means a person other
35	than an individual.
36	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "health facility" means an entity
37	licensed under the laws of Indiana or another state to provide
38	health or veterinary services.
39	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "health practitioner" means an
40	individual licensed under the laws of Indiana or another state to
41	provide health or veterinary services.
42	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "health services" means the



1	provision of treatment, care, advice, guidance, or other services or
2	supplies related to the health or death of individuals or human
3	populations to the extent necessary to respond to an emergency,
4	including:
5	(1) with respect to the physical or mental condition or
6	functional status of an individual or the structure or function
7	of the body:
8	(A) preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative,
9	maintenance, or palliative care; and
10	(B) counseling, assessment, procedures, or other services;
11	(2) the sale or dispensing of a drug, a device, equipment, or
12	another item to an individual in accordance with a
13	prescription; and
14	(3) funeral, cremation, cemetery, or other mortuary services.
15	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "host entity" means an entity
16	operating in Indiana that uses volunteer health practitioners to
17	respond to an emergency.
18	Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "license" means
19	authorization by a state to engage in health or veterinary services
20	that are unlawful without the authorization.
21	(b) The term includes authorization under Indiana law to an
22	individual to provide health or veterinary services based upon a
23	national certification issued by a public or private entity.
24	Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "person" means an individual,
25	a corporation, a business trust, a trust, a partnership, a limited
26	liability company, an association, a joint venture, a public
27	corporation, a government or governmental subdivision, an
28	agency, an instrumentality, or another legal or commercial entity.
29	Sec. 12. As used in this chapter, "scope of practice" means the
30	extent of the authorization to provide health or veterinary services
31	granted to a health practitioner by a license issued to the
32	practitioner in the state in which the principal part of the
33	practitioner's services are rendered, including conditions imposed
34	by the licensing authority.
35	Sec. 13. As used in this chapter, "state" means a state of the
36	United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United
37	States Virgin Islands, or a territory or an insular possession
38	subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
39	Sec. 14. As used in this chapter, "veterinary services" means the
40	provision of treatment, care, advice, guidance, or other services or
41	supplies related to the health or death of an animal or to animal

populations to the extent necessary to respond to an emergency,



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1	including:
2	(1) diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of an animal disease,
3	injury, or other physical or mental condition by the
4	prescription, administration, or dispensing of vaccine,
5	medicine, surgery, or therapy;
6	(2) use of a procedure for reproductive management; and
7	(3) monitoring and treatment of animal populations for
8	diseases that have spread or demonstrate the potential to
9	spread to humans.
10	Sec. 15. (a) As used in this chapter, "volunteer health
11	practitioner" means a health practitioner who provides health or
12	veterinary services, whether or not the practitioner receives
13	compensation for those services.
14	(b) The term does not include a practitioner who receives
15	compensation under a preexisting employment relationship with a
16	host entity or affiliate that requires the practitioner to provide
17	health services in Indiana, unless the practitioner is not a resident
18	of Indiana and is employed by a disaster relief organization
19	providing services in Indiana while an emergency declaration is in
20	effect.
21	Sec. 16. This chapter applies to volunteer health practitioners
22	who:
23	(1) are registered with a registration system that complies
24	with section 18 of this chapter; and
25	(2) provide health or veterinary services in Indiana for a host
26	entity while an emergency declaration is in effect.
27	Sec. 17. (a) While an emergency declaration is in effect, the state
28	emergency management agency may limit, restrict, or otherwise
29	regulate:
30	(1) the duration of practice by volunteer health practitioners;
31	(2) the geographical areas in which volunteer health
32	practitioners may practice;
33	(3) the types of volunteer health practitioners who may
34	practice; and
35	(4) any other matters necessary to coordinate effectively the
36	provision of health or veterinary services during the
37	emergency.
38	(b) An order issued under subsection (a) may take effect
39	immediately, without prior notice or comment, and is not a rule
40	within the meaning of IC 4-22-2.
41	(c) A host entity that uses volunteer health practitioners to
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provide health or veterinary services in Indiana shall:

1	(1) consult and coordinate the host entity's activities with the	
2	state emergency management agency to the extent practicable	
3	to provide for the efficient and effective use of volunteer	
4	health practitioners; and	
5	(2) comply with any laws other than this chapter relating to	
6	the management of emergency health or veterinary services,	
7	including this article.	
8	Sec. 18. (a) To qualify as a volunteer health practitioner	
9	registration system, a system must:	
10	(1) accept applications for the registration of volunteer health	4
11	practitioners before or during an emergency;	
12	(2) include information about the licensure and good standing	
13	of health practitioners that is accessible by authorized	
14	persons;	
15	(3) be capable of confirming the accuracy of information	
16	concerning whether a health practitioner is licensed and in	4
17	good standing before health services or veterinary services	
18	are provided under this chapter; and	
19	(4) meet one (1) of the following conditions:	
20	(A) Be an emergency system for advance registration of	
21	volunteer health practitioners established by a state and	
22	funded through the Health Resources Services	
23	Administration under section 319I of the federal Public	
24	Health Services Act, 42 U.S.C. 247d-7b.	
25	(B) Be a local unit consisting of trained and equipped	
26	emergency response, public health, and medical personnel	
27	formed under section 2801 of the federal Public Health	<b>\</b>
28	Services Act, 42 U.S.C. 300hh.	
29	(C) Be operated by a:	
30	(i) disaster relief organization;	
31	(ii) licensing board;	
32	(iii) national or regional association of licensing boards	
33	or health practitioners;	
34	(iv) health facility that provides comprehensive inpatient	
35	and outpatient health care services, including a tertiary	
36	care and teaching hospital; or	
37	(v) governmental entity.	
38	(D) Be designated by the state emergency management	
39	agency as a registration system for purposes of this	
40	chapter.	
41	(b) While an emergency declaration is in effect, the state	
42	emergency management agency, a person authorized to act on	



behalf of the state emergency management agency, or a host entity may confirm whether volunteer health practitioners used in Indiana are registered with a registration system that complies with subsection (a). Confirmation is limited to obtaining identities of the practitioners from the system and determining whether the system indicates that the practitioners are licensed and in good standing.

(c) Upon request of a person in Indiana authorized under

- (c) Upon request of a person in Indiana authorized under subsection (b), or a similarly authorized person in another state, a registration system located in Indiana shall notify the person of the identities of volunteer health practitioners and whether the practitioners are licensed and in good standing.
- (d) A host entity is not required to use the services of a volunteer health practitioner even if the practitioner is registered with a registration system that indicates that the practitioner is licensed and in good standing.

Sec. 19. (a) While an emergency declaration is in effect, a volunteer health practitioner, registered with a registration system that complies with section 18 of this chapter and licensed and in good standing in the state upon which the practitioner's registration is based, may practice in Indiana to the extent authorized by this chapter as if the practitioner were licensed in Indiana.

(b) A volunteer health practitioner qualified under subsection (a) is not entitled to the protections of this chapter if the practitioner is licensed in more than one (1) state and any license of the practitioner is suspended, revoked, or subject to an agency order limiting or restricting practice privileges or has been voluntarily terminated under threat of sanction.

Sec. 20. (a) As used in this section:

- (1) "credentialing" means obtaining, verifying, and assessing the qualifications of a health practitioner to provide treatment, care, or services in or for a health facility; and
- (2) "privileging" means the authorizing by an appropriate authority, such as a governing body, of a health practitioner to provide specific treatment, care, or services at a health facility subject to limits based on factors that include license, education, training, experience, competence, health status, and specialized skill.
- (b) This chapter does not affect credentialing or privileging standards of a health facility and does not preclude a health facility from waiving or modifying those standards while an emergency

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1	declaration is in effect.
2	Sec. 21. (a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), a volunteer health
3	practitioner shall adhere to the scope of practice for a similarly
4	licensed practitioner established by the licensing provisions,
5	practice acts, or other laws of Indiana.
6	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), this chapter does not
7	authorize a volunteer health practitioner to provide services that
8	are outside the practitioner's scope of practice, even if a similarly
9	licensed practitioner in Indiana would be permitted to provide the
10	services.
11	(c) The state emergency management agency may modify or
12	restrict the health or veterinary services that volunteer health
13	practitioners may provide under this chapter. An order under this
14	subsection may take effect immediately, without prior notice or
15	comment, and is not a rule within the meaning of IC 4-22-2.
16	(d) A host entity may restrict the health or veterinary services
17	that a volunteer health practitioner may provide under this
18	chapter.
19	(e) A volunteer health practitioner does not engage in
20	unauthorized practice unless the practitioner has reason to know
21	of a limitation, modification, or restriction under this section or
22	that a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would not be
23	permitted to provide the services. A volunteer health practitioner
24	has reason to know of a limitation, modification, or restriction or
25	that a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would not be
26	permitted to provide a service if:
27	(1) the practitioner knows the limitation, modification, or
28	restriction exists or that a similarly licensed practitioner in
29	Indiana would not be permitted to provide the service; or
30	(2) from all the facts and circumstances known to the
31	practitioner at the relevant time, a reasonable person would
32	conclude that the limitation, modification, or restriction exists
33	or that a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would not
34	be permitted to provide the service.
35	(f) In addition to the authority granted by laws of Indiana other
36	than this chapter to regulate the conduct of health practitioners, a
37	licensing board or other disciplinary authority in Indiana:
38	(1) may impose administrative sanctions upon a health
39	practitioner licensed in Indiana for conduct outside of Indiana
40	in response to an out-of-state emergency;
41	(2) may impose administrative sanctions upon a practitioner

not licensed in Indiana for conduct in Indiana in response to



1	an in-state emergency; and
2	(3) shall report any administrative sanctions imposed upon a
3	practitioner licensed in another state to the appropriate
4	licensing board or other disciplinary authority in any other
5	state in which the practitioner is known to be licensed.
6	(g) In determining whether to impose administrative sanctions
7	under subsection (f), a licensing board or other disciplinary
8	authority shall consider the circumstances in which the conduct
9	took place, including any exigent circumstances, and the
10	practitioner's scope of practice, education, training, experience,
11	and specialized skill.
12	Sec. 22. (a) This chapter does not limit the rights, privileges, or
13	immunities provided to volunteer health practitioners by laws
14	other than this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (b), this
15	chapter does not affect requirements for the use of health
16	practitioners under the Emergency Management Assistance
17	Compact.
18	(b) The state emergency management agency, under the
19	Emergency Management Assistance Compact or the Interstate
20	Emergency Management and Disaster Compact, may incorporate
21	into the emergency forces of Indiana volunteer health practitioners
22	who are not officers or employees of Indiana, a political
23	subdivision of Indiana, or a municipality or other local government
24	within Indiana.
25	Sec. 23. The state emergency management agency may adopt
26	rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter. In doing so, the
27	state emergency management agency shall consult with and
28	consider the recommendations of the entity established to
29	coordinate the implementation of the Emergency Management
30	Assistance Compact or the Interstate Emergency Management and
31	Disaster Compact and shall also consult with and consider rules
32	adopted by similarly empowered agencies in other states to
33	promote uniformity of application of this chapter and make the
34	emergency response systems in the various states reasonably
35	compatible.
36	Sec. 24. In applying and construing this uniform act,
37	consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of
38	the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact
39	it.
40	SECTION 4. IC 12-7-2-118.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 118.3. "Initiative", for purposes** 



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1	of IC 12-31-2, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-2-1.
2	SECTION 5. IC 12-7-2-132.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
3	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 132.5. "Nonprofit corporation",
5	for purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-1.
6	SECTION 6. IC 12-7-2-142.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
7	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 142.7. "Postnatal donation", for
9	purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.
10	SECTION 7. IC 12-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
11	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
12	2008]:
13	ARTICLE 31. UMBILICAL CORD BLOOD
14	Chapter 1. Public Umbilical Cord Blood Bank
15	Sec. 1. As used in this article, "nonprofit corporation" refers to
16	the Indiana nonprofit corporation formed by the office of the
17	secretary under section 3 of this chapter to establish and operate
18	a public umbilical cord blood bank.
19	Sec. 2. As used in this article, "postnatal donation" means any
20	of the following donations by a patient to the public umbilical cord
21	blood bank:
22	(1) Postnatal fluid, including umbilical cord blood.
23	(2) Postnatal tissue, including the placenta and tissue
	extracted from an umbilical cord.
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25	Sec. 3. (a) The office of the secretary shall form a nonprofit
25 26	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public
25 26 27	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise
25 26 27 28	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.
25 26 27 28 29	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2
25 26 27 28 29 30	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.  Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.  Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.  Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:  (1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.  Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:  (1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
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25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.  Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:  (1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's designee.  (2) The secretary or the secretary's designee.  (3) The secretary of commerce appointed under IC 5-28-3-4 or the secretary's designee.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.  Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:  (1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's designee.  (2) The secretary or the secretary's designee.  (3) The secretary of commerce appointed under IC 5-28-3-4 or the secretary's designee.  (4) The director of the state department of health's office of
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.  (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.  Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:  (1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's designee.  (2) The secretary or the secretary's designee.  (3) The secretary of commerce appointed under IC 5-28-3-4 or the secretary's designee.



1	(A) One (1) president or chief executive officer of an	
2	Indiana based hospital.	
3	(B) One (1) research scientist with expertise in umbilical	
4	cord blood research.	
5	(C) One (1) ethicist with expertise in bioethics.	
6	(D) One (1) physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who	
7	specializes in birthing and delivery.	
8	(E) One (1) representative of a donor umbilical cord blood	
9	bank facility.	
.0	(F) One (1) member of the interagency state council on	4
1	black and minority health established under IC 16-46-6.	
2	(b) The board of directors shall appoint an advisory board. At	
.3	least fifty-one percent (51%) of the advisory board members must	
4	be research scientists with expertise in stem cell research.	
.5	(c) The advisory board, using criteria established by the board	
6	of directors, is responsible for reviewing applications from	-
7	research scientists, research institutions, and other persons	,
8	interested in receiving a postnatal donation that is ineligible for	
9	transplant use from the public umbilical cord blood bank.	
20	(d) The board of directors may contract with a person to	
21	perform the management and administrative operations of the	
22	public umbilical cord blood bank. The person shall follow the	
23	federal Food and Drug Administration's current good tissue	
24	practices.	
25	(e) Subject to approval by the budget agency, the board of	
26	directors may, without the approval of the attorney general,	
27	employ legal counsel, technical experts, and other officers, agents,	•
28	and employees that the board of directors considers necessary to	
29	carry out the efficient operation of a public umbilical cord blood	1
0	bank.	
31	(f) The board of directors shall determine the terms and	
32	conditions of the participating agreement that is executed with	
3	each participating hospital.	
34	Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall do the following:	
55	(1) Establish procedures and guidelines for collecting,	
66	maintaining, and receiving postnatal donations.	
57	(2) Educate health care professionals about the procedures	
8	and requirements for collecting and maintaining postnatal	
9	donations following the birth of a newborn infant.	
10	(3) Establish procedures concerning patient informed consent	
1	and privacy that are approved by an independent institutional	
12	review board selected by the board of directors.	



1	Sec. 6. (a) The nonprofit corporation shall accept postnatal
2	donations at no charge or cost to the donor.
3	(b) The nonprofit corporation may allow the following to use the
4	postnatal donations:
5	(1) Transplant centers.
6	(2) Research centers approved by the nonprofit corporation
7	that will use the postnatal donation to promote medical
8	advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.
9	(3) Any other entity approved by the nonprofit corporation if
10	the entity will use the postnatal donation to promote medical
11	advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.
12	(c) Any postnatal donations maintained by the public umbilical
13	cord blood bank must be allocated as follows:
14	(1) Postnatal donations that are of transplantable quality
15	according to the National Marrow Donor Program, the
16	federal Food and Drug Administration's approved protocol,
17	or other relevant national practice and quality standards
18	must be allocated for medical transplants.
19	(2) Postnatal donations that do not meet the transplant quality
20	standards referred to in subdivision (1) and that are suitable
21	for research must be made available for scientific research or
22	medical treatments that comply with relevant national
23	practice and quality standards.
24	(d) The nonprofit corporation shall acquire and maintain
25	adequate liability insurance coverage.
26	Sec. 7. The nonprofit corporation may maintain postnatal
27	donations at no charge or cost to the donor.
28	Sec. 8. The nonprofit corporation may award a grant to a
29	person for work with postnatal donations.
30	Sec. 9. The nonprofit corporation shall report annually to the
31	health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3 concerning
32	the following:
33	(1) The implementation of the umbilical cord blood bank.
34	(2) The number of postnatal donations used for transplants
35	and the number of postnatal donations used for research.
36	Chapter 2. Umbilical Cord Blood Donation Initiative
37	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "initiative" refers to the
38	umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under section
39	2 of this chapter.
40	Sec. 2. The nonprofit corporation shall establish an umbilical
41	cord blood donation initiative to promote public awareness



concerning the following:

1	(1) A pregnant woman's option to make a postnatal donation
2	upon the birth of a newborn infant.
3	(2) The medical benefits of postnatal tissue and postnatal
4	fluids.
5	(3) The importance of donating umbilical cord blood to the
6	public umbilical cord blood bank.
7	Sec. 3. The nonprofit corporation may accept a grant from the
8	federal government or money from the state government or private
9	contributions to establish and implement the initiative.
10	Sec. 4. (a) The initiative must include the dissemination of
11	written material that includes the following:
12	(1) Information concerning the option that is available to
13	pregnant women to make a postnatal donation upon the birth
14	of a newborn infant.
15	(2) An explanation of the benefits of public umbilical cord
16	blood banking.
17	(3) The benefits of umbilical cord blood in accordance with
18	the National Marrow Donor Program or another federal Food
19	and Drug Administration approved protocol and the use of
20	umbilical cord blood for medical treatment, including the
21	following:
22	(A) A list of the diseases or conditions that have been
23	treated through the use of umbilical cord blood.
24	(B) A list of the diseases or conditions for which scientific
25	research indicates that treatment through the use of
26	umbilical cord blood is promising.
27	(4) Information on the public umbilical cord blood bank.
28	(5) Information concerning the process by which postnatal
29	tissue and postnatal fluid are collected and the steps that a
30	pregnant woman must take before her child is born to
31	arrange to have the postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid
32	collected and donated.
33	(b) The nonprofit corporation shall:
34	(1) update the material described in subsection (a); and
35	(2) distribute the material to the following persons that treat
36	pregnant women:
37	(A) Physicians licensed under IC 25-22.5.
38	(B) Participating hospitals.
39	(C) Ambulatory surgical centers.
40	(D) Health clinics.
41	(E) Maternity homes registered under IC 16-26-1.
42	(F) Nurse midwives licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1.



1	Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall develop a process for
2	physicians, nurse midwives, birthing centers, and participating
3	hospitals to inform eligible candidates of the opportunity to make
4	postnatal donations to the public umbilical cord blood bank
5	following delivery of a newborn infant.
6	Sec. 6. The nonprofit corporation that establishes the initiative
7	described in this chapter must meet all the requirements and
8	responsibilities set forth in IC 23-17.
9	Sec. 7. (a) Any intellectual property developed by the nonprofit
10	corporation establishing the initiative under this chapter is the
11	property of the nonprofit corporation. A donor must consent to
12	release to the public umbilical cord blood bank any property right
13	related to the postnatal donation, including any claim of
14	intellectual property rights derived from the postnatal donation.
15	(b) The entire right, title, and interest in and to any intellectual
16	property derived from a postnatal donation transfers with the
17	postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid after the postnatal donation is
18	allocated by the public umbilical cord blood bank for research
19	purposes.
20	SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-36.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2005,
21	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 36.5. (a) "Birthing center", for purposes of
23	IC 16-21-2 and IC 16-21-7.5, means a freestanding entity that has the
24	sole purpose of delivering a normal or uncomplicated pregnancy.
25	(b) The term does not include a hospital that is licensed as a hospital
26	under IC 16-21-2.
27	SECTION 9. IC 16-20-1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.121-2007,
28	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 14. (a) Local health officers may appoint and
30	employ public health nurses, environmental health specialists,
31	computer programmers, clerks, other personnel, and an administrator
32	of public health, subject to the confirmation of the local board of
33	health, as is necessary and reasonable to carry out and perform the
34	duties of the local health department.
35	(b) Except as provided in subsection (d), the employees of local
36	health departments shall perform any of the duties of the health officer
37	delegated by the health officer, with the approval of the local board of
38	health, on the basis of an agent-principal relation.
39	(c) The public health personnel of local health departments:

(1) must meet the minimum qualification requirements of the

(2) by local ordinance, become part of the county classification



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local board of health;

1	system for the respective public health personnel positions; and	
2	(3) shall perform additional duties prescribed by the rules of the	
3	state department and local board of health under the general	
4	supervision of the local health officer.	
5	(d) If an appointee or employee of a local health officer is not a	
6	licensed water well driller under IC 25-39-3, the appointee or employee	
7	may not inspect the drilling of a water well.	
8	(e) After a dentist licensed under IC 25-14 who is employed by a	
9	local health department examines a child enrolled in any grade up to	
10	and including grade 12 and prescribes a treatment plan in writing for	4
11	the child, a licensed dental hygienist employed by the local health	
12	department may, without supervision by the dentist, provide the child	
13	with the following treatment in accordance with the treatment plan:	
14	(1) Prophylaxis.	
15	(2) Fluoride application.	
16	(3) Sealants.	4
17	However, the treatment must be completed not more than ninety (90)	
18	days after the dentist prescribes the treatment plan. This subsection	
19	expires June 30, 2009.	
20	SECTION 10. IC 16-21-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
21	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
22	JULY 1, 2008]:	
23	Chapter 7.5. Hospital and Birthing Center Requirement	
24	Regarding Umbilical Cord Blood Donation	
25	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "postnatal donation" has the	
26	meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.	
27	Sec. 2. Before a hospital or birthing center participates in	1
28	collecting donations for the public umbilical cord blood bank	
29	established under IC 12-31-1-3(a), the hospital or birthing center	1
30	shall enter into a written agreement with the public umbilical cord	
31	blood bank establishing the:	
32	(1) conditions of the hospital's or birthing center's	
33	participation; and	
34	(2) obligations of the hospital or birthing center;	
35	in the umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under	
36	IC 12-31-2-2.	
37	Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this chapter, a	
38	participating hospital or birthing center licensed under this article	
39	must offer a patient who delivers a newborn infant at the	
40	participating hospital or birthing center the option of making a	
41	postnatal donation following delivery of the newborn infant.	

(b) A patient may not be charged for the collection, storage, or



1	donation to the public umbilical cord blood bank established under
2	IC 12-31-1-3(a).
3	Sec. 4. (a) A participating hospital or birthing center is not
4	required to collect a postnatal donation if either of the following
5	applies:
6	(1) In the professional judgment of a physician licensed under
7	IC 25-22.5 or a nurse midwife licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1,
8	the collection would threaten the health of the mother or the
9	infant.
0	(2) The postnatal donation is contrary to the moral principles
1	or beliefs of the religious denomination with which the
2	participating hospital or birthing center is affiliated.
3	(b) An employee of a participating hospital or birthing center is
4	not required to collect a postnatal donation if the postnatal
5	donation is contrary to the religious principles or beliefs of the
6	employee.
7	Sec. 5. A participating hospital or birthing center shall
8	cooperate with the nonprofit corporation (as defined in
)	IC 12-31-1-1) in accomplishing the public health goal of
)	maximizing postnatal donations.
1	Sec. 6. A hospital or birthing center is not required to enter into
2	an agreement with the public umbilical cord blood bank and may
3	enter into contracts concerning postnatal tissue and postnatal
ŀ	fluids with any person.
5	SECTION 11. IC 16-22-8-34, AS AMENDED BY P.L.121-2007,
)	SECTION 2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2007, SECTION 4, AND
	AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2007, SECTION 2, IS CORRECTED
	AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
)	2008]: Sec. 34. (a) The board or corporation may do all acts necessary
)	or reasonably incident to carrying out the purposes of this chapter,
l	including the following:
2	(1) As a municipal corporation, sue and be sued in any court with
}	jurisdiction.
ļ.	(2) To serve as the exclusive local board of health and local
5	department of health within the county with the powers and duties
6	conferred by law upon local boards of health and local
7	departments of health.
8	(3) To adopt and enforce ordinances consistent with Indiana law
9	and administrative rules for the following purposes:
0	(A) To protect property owned or managed by the corporation.
1	(B) To determine, prevent, and abate public health nuisances.

(C) To establish isolation and quarantine regulations impose



1	restrictions on persons having infectious or contagious	
2	diseases and contacts of the persons, and regulate the	
3	disinfection of premises. in accordance with IC 16-41-9.	
4	(D) To license, regulate, and establish minimum sanitary	
5	standards for the operation of a business handling, producing,	
6	processing, preparing, manufacturing, packing, storing,	
7	selling, distributing, or transporting articles used for food,	
8	drink, confectionery, or condiment in the interest of the public	
9	health.	
10	(E) To control:	
11	(i) rodents, mosquitos, and other animals, including insects,	
12	capable of transmitting microorganisms and disease to	
13	humans and other animals; and	
14	(ii) the animals' breeding places.	
15	(F) To require persons to connect to available sewer systems	
16	and to regulate the disposal of domestic or sanitary sewage by	
17	private methods. However, the board and corporation have no	
18	jurisdiction over publicly owned or financed sewer systems or	
19	sanitation and disposal plants.	
20	(G) To control rabies.	
21	(H) For the sanitary regulation of water supplies for domestic	
22	use.	
23	(I) To protect, promote, or improve public health. For public	
24	health activities and to enforce public health laws, the state	
25	health data center described in IC 16-19-10 shall provide	
26	health data, medical information, and epidemiological	
27	information to the corporation.	
28	(J) To detect, report, prevent, and control disease affecting	
29	public health.	
30	(K) To investigate and diagnose health problems and health	
31	hazards.	
32	(L) To regulate the sanitary and structural conditions of	
33	residential and nonresidential buildings and unsafe premises.	
34	(M) To regulate the remediation of lead hazards.	
35	$\frac{(M)}{N}$ (N) To license and regulate the design, construction, and	
36	operation of public pools, spas, and beaches.	
37	(N) (O) To regulate the storage, containment, handling, use,	
38	and disposal of hazardous materials.	
39	(O) (P) To license and regulate tattoo parlors and body	
40	piercing facilities.	
41	(Q) To regulate the storage and disposal of waste tires.	
12	(4) To manage the corporation's hospitals, medical facilities, and	



1	mental health facilities.	
2	(5) To furnish provide school based health and nursing furnish	
3	health and nursing services to elementary and secondary	
4	schools within the county. to elementary and secondary schools	
5	within the county.	
6	(6) To furnish medical care to the indigent within insured and	
7	uninsured residents of the county. unless medical care is	
8	furnished to the indigent by the division of family resources.	
9	(7) To furnish dental services to the insured and uninsured	_
10	residents of the county. including the services as provided in	4
11	subsection (c) until the expiration of subsection (c).	
12	(7) (8) To determine the establish public health policies and	
13	programs. to be carried out and administered by the corporation.	
14	(8) (9) To adopt an annual budget ordinance and levy taxes.	
15	(9) (10) To incur indebtedness in the name of the corporation.	
16	(10) (11) To organize the personnel and functions of the	4
17	corporation into divisions. and subdivisions to carry out the	
18	corporation's powers and duties and to consolidate, divide, or	
19	abolish the divisions and subdivisions.	
20	(11) (12) To acquire and dispose of property.	
21	(12) (13) To receive charitable contributions and gifts as provided	
22	in 26 U.S.C. 170.	
23	(13) (14) To make charitable contributions and gifts.	
24	(14) (15) To establish a charitable foundation as provided in 26	
25	U.S.C. 501.	
26	(15) (16) To receive and distribute federal, state, local, or private	_
27	grants.	- 1
28	(16) (17) To receive and distribute grants from charitable	\
29	foundations.	
30	(17) (18) To establish nonprofit corporations and enter into	
31	partnerships and joint ventures to carry out the purposes of the	
32	corporation. This subdivision does not authorize the merger of the	
33	corporation with a hospital licensed under IC 16-21.	
34	(18) (19) To erect, improve, remodel, or repair corporation	
35	buildings. or structures or improvements to existing buildings or	
36	structures.	
37	(19) (20) To determine matters of policy regarding internal	
38	organization and operating procedures.	
39	(20) (21) To do the following:	
40	(A) Adopt a schedule of reasonable charges for nonresidents	
41	of the county for medical and mental health services.	
42	(B) Collect the charges from the patient, the patient's	



1	insurance company, or from the governmental unit where the
2	patient resided at the time of the service. a government
3	program.
4	(C) Require security for the payment of the charges.
5	(21) (22) To adopt a schedule of and to collect reasonable charges
6	for patients able to pay in full or in part. medical and mental
7	health services.
8	(22) (23) To enforce Indiana laws, administrative rules,
9	ordinances, and the code of the health and hospital corporation of
10	the county.
11	(23) (24) To purchase supplies, materials, and equipment. for the
12	corporation.
13	(24) (25) To employ personnel and establish personnel policies.
14	to carry out the duties, functions, and powers of the corporation.
15	$\frac{(25)}{(26)}$ To employ attorneys admitted to practice law in Indiana.
16	(26) (27) To acquire, erect, equip, and operate the corporation's
17	hospitals, medical facilities, and mental health facilities.
18	(27) (28) To dispose of surplus property in accordance with a
19	policy by the board.
20	(28) (29) To determine the duties of officers and division
21	directors.
22	(29) (30) To fix the compensation of the officers and division
23	directors.
24	(30) (31) To carry out the purposes and object of the corporation.
25	(31) (32) To obtain loans for hospital expenses in amounts and
26	upon terms agreeable to the board. The board may secure the
27	loans by pledging accounts receivable or other security in hospital
28	funds.
29	(32) (33) To establish fees for licenses, services, and records. The
30	corporation may accept payment by credit card for fees.
31	IC 5-14-3-8(d) does not apply to fees established under this
32	subdivision for certificates of birth, death, or stillbirth
33	registration.
34	(33) (34) To use levied taxes or other funds to make
35	intergovernmental transfers to the state to fund governmental
36	health care programs, including Medicaid and Medicaid
37	supplemental programs.
38	(b) The board shall exercise the board's powers and duties in a
39	manner consistent with Indiana law, administrative rules, and the code
40	of the health and hospital corporation of the county.
41	(c) After a dentist licensed under IC 25-14 who is employed by a
42	local health department or the health and hospital corporation



1	examines a child enrolled in any grade up to and including grade 12
2	and prescribes a treatment plan in writing for the child, a licensed
3	dental hygienist employed by the local health department or the health
4	and hospital corporation may, without supervision by the dentist,
5	provide the child with the following treatment in accordance with the
6	treatment plan:
7	(1) Prophylaxis.
8	(2) Fluoride application.
9	<del>(3) Sealants.</del>
10	However, the treatment must be completed not more than ninety (90)
11	days after the dentist prescribes the treatment plan. This subsection
12	expires June 30, 2009.
13	SECTION 12. IC 16-27-2-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2007,
14	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a
16	person who operates a home health agency under IC 16-27-1 or a
17	personal services agency under IC 16-27-4 may not employ a person to
18	provide services in a patient's or client's temporary or permanent
19	residence if a determination of that person's limited criminal history
20	check or national criminal history background check indicates that the
21	person has been convicted of any of the following:
22	(1) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
23	(2) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).
24	(3) Exploitation of an endangered adult (IC 35-46-1-12).
25	(4) Failure to report battery, neglect, or exploitation of an
26	endangered adult (IC 35-46-1-13).
27	(5) Theft (IC 35-43-4), if the conviction for theft occurred less
28	than ten (10) years before the person's employment application
29	date.
30	(6) A felony that is substantially equivalent to a felony listed
31	in subdivisions (1) through (2) for which the conviction was
32	entered in another state.
33	(b) A home health agency or personal services agency may not
34	employ a person to provide services in a patient's or client's temporary

(b) A home health agency or personal services agency may not employ a person to provide services in a patient's or client's temporary or permanent residence for more than twenty-one (21) calendar days without receipt of a determination of that person's limited criminal history or national criminal history background check required by section 4 of this chapter, unless either the state police department or the Federal Bureau of Investigation under IC 10-13-3-39 is responsible for failing to provide the determination of the person's limited criminal history or national criminal history background check to the home health agency or personal services agency within the time required



1	under this subsection.	
2	SECTION 13. IC 16-28-11-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
3	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5.5. (a) This section does not	
5	apply to the implementation of a do not resuscitate order.	
6	(b) This article does not require an employee of a health facility	
7	to provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or other	
8	intervention on a patient if a registered nurse licensed under	
9	IC 25-23 or a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who is employed	
10	by the health facility has determined that the following criteria	
11	have been met:	
12	(1) The patient has experienced an unwitnessed cessation of	
13	circulatory and respiratory functions.	
14	(2) The patient is unresponsive.	
15	(3) The patient's pupils are fixed and dilated.	
16	(4) The patient's body temperature indicates hypothermia.	
17	(5) The patient has generalized cyanosis.	
18	(6) The patient has livor mortis.	
19	SECTION 14. IC 24-4-15-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.129-2007,	
20	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
21	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. An owner or operator of a health club shall do	
22	the following:	
23	(1) Ensure that a defibrillator is:	
24	(A) located on the health club premises and is easily accessible	
25	to the health club staff, members, and guests; or	
26	(B) if:	
27	(i) the health club is located on the premises of a business	
28	of which the health club is a part; and	V
29	(ii) the business has an emergency response team;	
30	located on the premises of the business and easily	
31	accessible to the emergency response team.	
32	(2) Employ at least one (1) individual who:	
33	(A) has satisfactorily completed a course approved by the	
34	American Red Cross or the American Heart Association	
35	consistent with the most current national guidelines for;	
36	and	
37	(B) is currently certified in;	
38	cardiopulmonary resuscitation and defibrillator use.	
39	(3) Reasonably ensure that at least one (1) individual described	
40	under in subdivision (2) is on the health club premises when staff	
41	is present at the health club during the health club's business	
12	hours.	



1	(4) A health club that is not staffed must have the following on
2	the premises:
3	(A) A telephone for 911 telephone call access.
4	(B) A sign in plain view containing an advisory warning that
5	indicates that members of the unstaffed health spa club should
6	be aware that working out alone may pose risks to the a health
7	spa club member's health and safety.
8	(C) A sign in plain view providing instruction in the use of the
9	automated external defibrillator and in cardiopulmonary
10	resuscitation.
11	(5) Ensure compliance with the requirements set forth in
12	IC 16-31-6.5.
13	(6) Post a sign at each entrance to the health club that indicates
14	the location of each defibrillator.
15	SECTION 15. IC 24-4-15-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.129-2007,
16	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 7. <del>(a)</del> The:
18	(1) state department and the division of fire and building safety
19	may inspect a health club at any time:
20	(1) (A) according to rules adopted by the state department; or
21	(2) (B) in response to a filed complaint alleging
22	noncompliance with this chapter; and
23	(2) fire department that serves the area in which a health club
24	is located shall inspect the health club for compliance with
25	this chapter if the health club is inspected as part of an
26	inspection program under IC 36-8-17-8.
27	(b) A fire department may inspect a health club for compliance with
28	this chapter as part of an inspection program under IC 36-8-17-8.
29	SECTION 16. IC 25-1-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2007,
30	SECTION 4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2007, SECTION 4, AND
31	AS AMENDED BY P.L.200-2007, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO
32	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. As used
33	in this chapter:
34	"Board" means the appropriate agency listed in the definition of
35	regulated occupation in this section.  "Director" refers to the director of the division of consumer
36 37	
38	protection.  "Division" refers to the division of consumer protection, office of
39	
59 40	the attorney general.  "Licensee" means a person who is:
+0 41	(1) licensed, certified, or registered by a board listed in this
+1 42	section; and
T 🚣	section, and



1	(2) the subject of a complaint filed with the division.	
2	"Person" means an individual, a partnership, a limited liability	
3	company, or a corporation.	
4	"Regulated occupation" means an occupation in which a person is	
5	licensed, certified, or registered by one (1) of the following:	
6	(1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2.1-2-1).	
7	(2) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects	
8	and registered interior designers (IC 25-4-1-2).	
9	(3) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6.1-2-1).	
10	(4) State board of barber examiners (IC 25-7-5-1).	
11	(5) State boxing commission (IC 25-9-1).	
12	(6) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).	
13	(7) State board of cosmetology examiners (IC 25-8-3-1).	
14	(8) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).	
15	(9) State board of funeral and cemetery service (IC 25-15-9).	
16	(10) State board of registration for professional engineers	
17	(IC 25-31-1-3).	U
18	(11) Indiana state board of health facility administrators	
19	(IC 25-19-1).	
20	(12) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).	
21	(13) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).	
22	(14) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).	
23	(15) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).	
24	(16) Indiana plumbing commission (IC 25-28.5-1-3).	_
25	(17) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).	
26	(18) Board of environmental health specialists (IC 25-32-1).	
27	(19) State psychology board (IC 25-33).	
28	(20) Speech-language pathology and audiology board	V
29	(IC 25-35.6-2).	
30	(21) Indiana real estate commission (IC 25-34.1-2).	
31	(22) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 15-5-1.1).	
32	(23) Department of natural resources for purposes of licensing	
33	water well drillers under IC 25-39-3.	
34	(24) Respiratory care committee (IC 25-34.5).	
35	(25) Private detectives investigator and security guard licensing	
36	board <del>(IC 25-30-1-5.1).</del> (IC 25-30-1-5.2).	
37	(26) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5).	
38	(27) Social worker, marriage and family therapist, and mental	
39	health counselor board (IC 25-23.6).	
40	(28) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board	
41	(IC 25-34.1-8).	
42	(29) State board of registration for land surveyors	





1	(IC 25-21.5-2-1).
2	(30) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
3	(31) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
4	(32) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).
5	(33) Indiana hypnotist committee (IC 25-20.5-1-7).
6	(34) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27).
7	(35) Manufactured home installer licensing board (IC 25-23.7).
8	(36) Home inspectors licensing board (IC 25-20.2-3-1).
9	(37) State department of health, for out-of-state mobile health
0	care entities.
1	(37) (38) State board of massage therapy (IC 25-21.8-2-1).
2	(37) (38) (39) Any other occupational or professional agency
3	created after June 30, 1981.
4	SECTION 17. IC 25-1-7-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
5	SECTION 166, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 9. A board member is disqualified
7	from any consideration of the case if the board member filed the
8	complaint or participated in negotiations regarding the complaint. The
9	board member is not disqualified from the board's final determination
20	solely because the board member was the hearing officer or determined
21	the complaint and the information pertaining to the complaint was
22	current significant investigative information (as defined by
23	<del>IC 25-23.2-1-5 (repealed)).</del> <b>IC 25-23.3-2-6).</b>
24	SECTION 18. IC 25-1-7-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
25	SECTION 167, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. (a) All complaints and
27	information pertaining to the complaints shall be held in strict
28	confidence until the attorney general files notice with the board of the
29	attorney general's intent to prosecute the licensee.
0	(b) A person in the employ of the office of attorney general or any
31	of the boards, or any person not a party to the complaint, may not
32	disclose or further a disclosure of information concerning the
3	complaint unless the disclosure is required:
4	(1) under law; or
55	(2) for the advancement of an investigation.
66	SECTION 19. IC 25-2.5-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) An applicant
8	may, upon the payment of a fee established by the board, be granted a
9	license if the applicant:
10	(1) submits satisfactory evidence to the board that the applicant
.1	has been licensed to practice acupuncture in another state or

authorized in another country under qualifications substantially



1	equivalent to those specified in this chapter for a license to
2	practice acupuncture;
3	(2) meets the requirements of section 1(1) through 1(4) of this
4	chapter; and
5	(3) shows to the satisfaction of the board that the applicant
6	has:
7	(A) successfully completed a clean needle technique course
8	substantially equivalent to a clean needle technique course
9	approved by a national acupuncture association approved
10	by the board;
11	(B) successfully completed a three (3) year postsecondary
12	training program or acupuncture college program that
13	meets the standards substantially equivalent to the
14	standards for a three (3) year postsecondary training
15	program or acupuncture college program approved by a
16	national acupuncture association approved by the board;
17	and
18	(C) passed an examination substantially equivalent to the
19	examination required by a national acupuncture
20	association approved by the board.
21	(b) An applicant may, upon the payment of a fee established by the
22	board, be granted a professional's license to practice acupuncture if the
23	applicant submits satisfactory evidence to the board that the applicant
24	is a:
25	(1) chiropractor licensed under IC 25-10;
26	(2) dentist licensed under IC 25-14; or
27	(3) podiatrist licensed under IC 25-29;
28	with at least two hundred (200) hours of acupuncture training.
29	(c) The board shall:
30	(1) compile, at least once every two (2) years, a list of courses and
31	institutions that provide training approved for the purpose of
32	qualifying an individual for a professional's license under
33	subsection (b); and
34	(2) adopt rules that set forth procedures for the case by case
35	approval of training under subsection (b).
36	(d) If an individual's license described in subsection (b)(1), (b)(2),
37	or $(b)(3)$ is subject to any restrictions as the result of disciplinary action
38	taken against the individual by the board that regulates the individual's
39	profession, the same restrictions shall be applied to the individual's
40	professional's license to practice acupuncture.
41	(e) An individual's professional's license issued under subsection (b)

shall be suspended if the individual's license described under



1	subsection $(b)(1)$ , $(b)(2)$ , or $(b)(3)$ is suspended.
2	(f) An individual's professional's license issued under subsection (b)
3	shall be revoked if the individual's license described under subsection
4	(b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) is revoked.
5	(g) The practice of acupuncture by an individual issued a
6	professional's license under subsection (b) is limited to the scope of
7	practice of the individual's license described in subsection (b)(1),
8	(b)(2), or $(b)(3)$ .
9	SECTION 20. IC 25-2.5-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) Subject to section
11	1 of this chapter, it is unlawful to practice acupuncture without a
12	license issued under this article.
13	(b) Subject to subsection (c), it is unlawful for a licensed
14	acupuncturist, other than a chiropractor licensed under IC 25-10,
15	podiatrist licensed under IC 25-29, or dentist licensed under IC 25-14,
16	to practice acupuncture on a patient unless the acupuncturist obtains:
17	(1) a written letter of referral; and
18	(2) either:
19	(A) a written diagnosis of the patient; or
20	(B) written documentation relating to the condition for which
21	the patient receives acupuncture;
22	from an individual licensed under IC 25-22.5 within the twelve (12)
23	months immediately preceding the date of acupuncture treatment.
24	(c) An acupuncturist licensed under this article may practice
25	auricular acupuncture on a patient for the purpose of treating
26	alcoholism, substance abuse, or chemical dependency without a written
27	letter of referral or written diagnosis from a physician licensed under
28	<del>IC</del> <del>25-22.5.</del>
29	(d) (b) If a licensed acupuncturist practices acupuncture on a patient
30	after having obtained a written letter of referral or written diagnosis of
31	the patient from a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5, as described in
32	subsection (b), the physician is immune from civil liability relating to
33	the patient's or acupuncturist's use of that diagnosis or referral except
34	for acts or omissions of the physician that amount to gross negligence
35	or willful or wanton misconduct.
36	SECTION 21. IC 25-13-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. As used in this
38	article:
39	(a) "Dental hygienist" means one who is especially educated and
40	trained in the science and art of maintaining the dental health of the
41	individual or community through prophylactic or preventive measures



applied to the teeth and adjacent structures.

1	(b) "License" means the license to practice dental hygiene issued by	
2	the state board of dentistry to dental hygienist candidates who	
3	satisfactorily pass the board's examinations.	
4	(c) "Board" means the state board of dentistry established by	
5	IC 25-14-1.	
6	(d) "Proprietor dentist" means a licensed dentist who is the owner	
7	and operator of the dental office in which he practices the profession	
8	of dentistry and who employs at least one (1) dentist or dental hygienist	
9	to supplement his operation and conduct of his dental office.	
0	(e) "Employer dentist" means a proprietor dentist who employs at	
1	least one (1) dental hygienist to supplement his dental service to his	
2	clientele.	
.3	(f) "Referral" means a recommendation that a patient seek further	
4	dental care from a licensed dentist, but not a specific dentist.	
.5	(g) "Screening" means to identify and assess the health of the hard	
6	or soft tissues of the human oral cavity.	
7	(h) "Public health setting" means a location, including a mobile	
8	health care vehicle, where the public is invited for health care,	
9	information, and services by a program sponsored or endorsed by a	
20	governmental entity or charitable organization.	
21	(i) "Direct supervision" means that a licensed dentist is	
22	physically present in the facility when patient care is provided by	
23	the dental hygienist.	
24	(j) "Prescriptive supervision" means that a licensed dentist is	
25	not required to be physically present in the facility when patient	
26	care is provided by the dental hygienist if a licensed dentist has	
27	examined the patient and has prescribed the patient care within the	
28	previous forty-five (45) days.	
29	SECTION 22. IC 25-13-1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.121-2007,	
0	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
1	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10. (a) A licensed dental hygienist may be	
32	employed to practice dental hygiene in Indiana in the following:	
3	(1) The A dental office or clinical setting, except as described	
34	in subdivisions (3) through (5), where the dental hygienist is	
55	practicing under the direct supervision of a legally practicing	
66	<del>proprietor</del> dentist.	
37	(2) A dental school or dental hygiene school to teach and	
8	demonstrate the practice of dental hygiene if direct supervision	
9	by a licensed dentist is provided for training on providing	
10	local anesthetics by injection.	
1	(3) The dental clinic of any public, parochial, or private school or	
12	other institution supported by public or private funds in which the	



1	licensee is employed by the state department of health or any
2	county or city board of health or board of education or school
3	trustee or parochial authority or the governing body of any private
4	school However, institutional practice, other than dental hygiene
5	instruction and dental prophylaxis for children up to and
6	including grade 12 pupils at all times must be where the dental
7	hygienist is practicing under the direct or prescriptive
8	supervision of a licensed dentist.
9	(4) The dental clinic of a bona fide hospital, sanitarium, or
10	eleemosynary charitable institution duly established and being
11	operated under the laws of Indiana in which the licensee is
12	employed by the directors or governing board of such hospital,
13	sanitarium, or institution. However, such practice must be under
14	the direct or prescriptive supervision at all times of a licensed
15	dentist who is a staff member of the hospital or sanitarium or a
16	member of the governing board of the institution.
17	(5) <del>The</del> <b>A:</b>
18	(A) fixed charitable dental care clinic; of an industrial or a
19	commercial establishment in which the licensee's services are
20	(B) public health setting; or
21	(C) correctional institution;
22	that has been approved by the board and where the dental
23	hygienist is under the direct or prescriptive supervision of a
24	licensed dentist.
25	(b) A licensed dental hygienist may provide without supervision the
26	following:
27	(1) Dental hygiene instruction and in-service training without
28	restriction on location.
29	(2) Dental prophylaxis for children up to and including grade 12
30	if the dental hygienist is employed by any of the following:
31	(A) The state department of health.
32	(B) The department of education.
33	(C) The elementary or secondary school where the services are
34	<del>provided.</del>
35	(3) (2) Screening and referrals for any person in a public health
36	setting.
37	(4) Services as provided in IC 16-20-1-14 and IC 16-22-8-34.
38	SECTION 23. IC 25-13-1-10.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
39	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 10.6. (a) A licensed dental
41	hygienist may administer local dental anesthetics under the direct
12	supervision of a licensed dentist if the dental hygienist has:



1	(1) completed board approved educational requirements,
2	including cardiopulmonary resuscitation and emergency care
3	training; and
4	(2) received a board issued dental hygiene anesthetic permit.
5	(b) Local dental anesthetics do not include nitrous oxide or
6	similar anesthetics.
7	SECTION 24. IC 25-13-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 11. A person is deemed
9	to be practicing dental hygiene within the meaning of this chapter who:
10	(1) uses the titles "Licensed Dental Hygienist", "Dental
11	Hygienist", or the letters "L.D.H." or "D.H." in connection with
12	his or her name;
13	(2) holds himself or herself out to the public in any manner that
14	he or she can or will render services as a dental hygienist;
15	(3) removes calcific deposits or accretions from the surfaces of
16	human teeth or cleans or polishes such teeth;
17	(4) applies and uses within the patient's mouth such antiseptic
18	sprays, washes, or medicaments for the control or prevention of
19	dental caries as his or her employer dentist may direct;
20	(5) treats gum disease; <del>or</del>
21	(6) uses impressions and x-ray photographs for treatment
22	purposes; or
23	(7) administers local dental anesthetics, except for the
24	administration of local dental anesthetics by:
25	(A) a dentist as provided in IC 25-14-1-23(a)(6); or
26	(B) a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5.
27	SECTION 25. IC 25-14-1-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
28	SECTION 430, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.5. As used in this article:
30	"Agency" refers to the Indiana professional licensing agency
31	established by IC 25-1-5-3.
32	"Board" refers to the state board of dentistry established under this
33	chapter.
34	"Deep sedation" means a controlled state of depressed
35	consciousness, accompanied by partial loss of protective reflexes,
36	including inability to respond purposefully to verbal command,
37	produced by a pharmacologic method.
38	"Dental assistant" means a qualified dental staff member, other
39	than a licensed dental hygienist, who assists a licensed dentist with
40	patient care while working under the dentist's direct supervision.
41	"Direct supervision" means that a licensed dentist is physically
42	present in the facility when patient care is provided by the dental



1	assistant.	
2	"General anesthesia" means a controlled state of unconsciousness,	
3	accompanied by partial or complete loss of protective reflexes,	
4	including inability to independently maintain an airway and respond	
5	purposefully to physical stimulation or verbal command, produced by	
6	a pharmacologic method.	
7	"Light parenteral conscious sedation" means a minimally depressed	
8	level of consciousness under which an individual retains the ability to	
9	independently and continuously maintain an airway and respond	
10	appropriately to physical stimulation and verbal command, produced	1
11	by an intravenous pharmacologic method.	
12	SECTION 26. IC 25-14-1-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.121-2007,	
13	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
14	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 23. (a) A person is practicing dentistry within the	
15	meaning of this chapter if the person does any of the following:	
16	(1) Uses the word "dentist" or "dental surgeon", the letters	- 1
17	"D.D.S." or "D.M.D.", or other letters or titles in connection with	,
18	dentistry.	
19	(2) Directs and controls the treatment of patients within a place	
20	where dental services are performed.	
21	(3) Advertises or permits to be advertised by sign, card, circular,	ĺ
22	handbill, newspaper, radio, or otherwise that he the person can	
23	or will attempt to perform dental operations of any kind.	
24	(4) Offers to diagnose or professes to diagnose or treats or	'
25	professes to treat any of the lesions or diseases of the human oral	
26	cavity, teeth, gums, or maxillary or mandibular structures.	_
27	(5) Extracts human teeth or corrects malpositions of the teeth or	\
28	jaws.	
29	(6) Except as provided in IC 25-13-1-10.5 and IC 25-13-1-10.6,	1
30	administers dental anesthetics.	
31	(7) Uses x-ray pictures for dental diagnostic purposes.	
32	(8) Makes impressions or casts of any oral tissues or structures for	
33	the purpose of diagnosis or treatment thereof or for the	
34	construction, repair, reproduction, or duplication of any prosthetic	
35	device to alleviate or cure any oral lesion or replace any lost oral	
36	structures, tissue, or teeth.	
37	(9) Advertises to the public by any method, except trade and	
38	professional publications, to furnish, supply, construct, reproduce,	
39	repair, or adjust any prosthetic denture, bridge, appliance, or other	



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services.

structure to be worn in the human mouth.

(10) Is the employer of a dentist who is hired to provide dental

1	(11) Directs or controls the use of dental equipment or dental
2	material while the equipment or material is being used to provide
3	dental services. However, a person may lease or provide advice
4	or assistance concerning dental equipment or dental material if
5	the person does not restrict or interfere with the custody, control,
6	or use of the equipment or material by the dentist. This
7	subdivision does not prevent a dental hygienist who is licensed
8	under IC 25-13 from owning dental equipment or dental materials
9	within the dental hygienist's scope of practice.
10	(12) Directs, controls, or interferes with a dentist's clinical
11	judgment.
12	(13) Exercises direction or control over a dentist through a written
13	contract concerning the following areas of dental practice:
14	(A) The selection of a patient's course of treatment.
15	(B) Referrals of patients, except for requiring referrals to be
16	within a specified provider network, subject to the exceptions
17	under IC 27-13-36-5.
18	(C) Content of patient records.
19	(D) Policies and decisions relating to refunds, if the refund
20	payment would be reportable under federal law to the National
21	Practitioner Data Bank, and warranties.
22	(E) The clinical content of advertising.
23	(F) Final decisions relating to the employment of dental office
24	personnel.
25	However, this subdivision does not prohibit a person from
26	providing advice or assistance concerning the areas of dental
27	practice referred to in this subdivision or an insurer (as defined in
28	IC 27-1-26-1) from carrying out the applicable provisions of
29	IC 27 under which the insurer is licensed.
30	However, a person does not have to be a dentist to be a manufacturer
31	of dental prostheses.
32	(b) In addition to subsection (a), a person is practicing dentistry who
33	directly or indirectly by any means or method furnishes, supplies,
34	constructs, reproduces, repairs, or adjusts any prosthetic denture,
35	bridge, appliance, or any other structure to be worn in the human
36	mouth and delivers the resulting product to any person other than the
37	duly licensed dentist upon whose written work authorization the work
38	was performed. A written work authorization shall include the
39	following:
40	(1) The name and address of the dental laboratory to which it is

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directed.



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(2) The case identification.

1	(3) A specification of the materials to be used.	
2	(4) A description of the work to be done and, if necessary,	
3	diagrams thereof.	
4	(5) The date of issuance of the authorization.	
5	(6) The signature and address of the licensed dentist or other	
6	dental practitioner by whom the work authorization is issued.	
7	A separate work authorization shall be issued for each patient of the	
8	issuing licensed dentist or other dental practitioner for whom dental	
9	technological work is to be performed.	
10	(c) This section shall not apply to those procedures which a legally	4
11	licensed and practicing dentist may delegate to competent office	
12	personnel a dental assistant as to which procedures the dentist	•
13	exercises direct supervision and responsibility. Delegated	
14	(d) Procedures delegated by a dentist may not include either: the	
15	following:	
16	(1) Those procedures which require professional judgment and	4
17	skill such as diagnosis, treatment planning, and the cutting of hard	
18	or soft tissues, or any intraoral impression which would lead to	
19	the fabrication of an appliance, which, when worn by the patient,	
20	would come in direct contact with hard or soft tissues and which	
21	could result in tissue irritation or injury; or a final prosthetic	
22	appliance.	
23	(2) those Except for procedures described in subsections (g)	
24	and (h), procedures delegated to a dental assistant may not	_
25	include procedures allocated under IC 25-13-1 to a licensed	
26	dental <del>hygienists.</del> hygienist.	
27	(e) This chapter shall not prevent dental students from performing	\
28	dental operations under the supervision of competent instructors within	'
29	the dental school or a university recognized by the board or in any	
30	public clinic under the supervision of the authorized superintendent of	
31	such clinic authorized under the authority and general direction of the	
32	board of health or school board of any city or town in Indiana.	
33	(d) (f) Licensed pharmacists of this state may fill prescriptions of	
34	licensed dentists of this state for any drug necessary in the practice of	
35	dentistry.	
36	(g) Notwithstanding IC 25-13-1-11(4), a dental assistant who has	
37	completed a board approved curriculum may apply medicaments	
38	for the control or prevention of dental caries under the direct	
39	supervision of a licensed dentist. The curriculum must include	
40	instruction on the following:	
41	(1) Ethics and jurisprudence.	



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(2) Reasons for fluorides.

1	(3) Systemic fluoride.
2	(4) Topical fluoride.
3	(5) Fluoride application.
4	(6) Laboratory work on topical fluoride applications and
5	patient competency.
6	(h) Notwithstanding IC 25-13-1-11(3), a dental assistant who has
7	completed a board approved curriculum may polish the coronal
8	surface of teeth under the direct supervision of a licensed dentist.
9	The curriculum must include instruction on the following:
10	(1) Ethics and jurisprudence.
11	(2) Plaque and materia alba.
12	(3) Intrinsic and extrinsic stain.
13	(4) Abrasive agents.
14	(5) Use of a slow speed hand piece, prophy cup, and occlusal
15	polishing brush.
16	(6) Theory of selective polishing.
17	(7) Laboratory work concerning slow speed hand piece, hand
18	dexterity, and patient competency.
19	SECTION 27. IC 25-20.5-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. This chapter does not
21	apply to the following if the person has received training in the
22	performance of hypnotism:
23	(1) A licensed dentist practicing dentistry under IC 25-14.
24	(2) A licensed physician practicing medicine under IC 25-22.5.
25	(3) A licensed osteopath practicing medicine under IC 25-22.5.
26	(4) A licensed psychologist practicing psychology under
27	IC 25-33.
28	(5) A certified licensed social worker or clinical social worker
29	practicing social work or clinical social work under IC 25-23.6.
30	(6) A registered nurse licensed under IC 25-23.
31	(7) A certified licensed marriage and family therapist practicing
32	marriage and family therapy under IC 25-23.6.
33	(8) A licensed mental health counselor practicing mental
34	health counseling under IC 25-23.6.
35	(8) (9) An individual who teaches Lamaze prenatal and delivery
36	relaxation techniques to pregnant women.
37	(9) (10) A law enforcement officer who:
38	(A) is trained in hypnotism; and
39	(B) uses hypnosis only for law enforcement purposes.
40	(10) (11) A licensed chiropractor practicing the science of
41	chiropractic under IC 25-10.
42	(11) (12) An individual who performs hypnotism exclusively for



1	entertainment or amusement purposes at a theater, night club, or	
2	other place that offers entertainment to the public for	
3	consideration or promotional purposes.	
4	SECTION 28. IC 25-23-1-1.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,	
5	SECTION 170, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.1. (a) As used in this chapter,	
7	"registered nurse" means a person who holds a valid license issued:	
8	(1) under this chapter; or	
9	(2) by a party state (as defined in IC 25-23.3-2-12); and	
10	who bears primary responsibility and accountability for nursing	
11	practices based on specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill derived	
12	from the principles of biological, physical, and behavioral sciences.	
13	(b) As used in this chapter, "registered nursing" means performance	
14	of services which include but are not limited to:	
15	(1) assessing health conditions;	
16	(2) deriving a nursing diagnosis;	
17	(3) executing a nursing regimen through the selection,	
18	performance, and management of nursing actions based on	
19	nursing diagnoses;	
20	(4) advocating the provision of health care services through	
21	collaboration with or referral to other health professionals;	
22	(5) executing regimens delegated by a physician with an	
23	unlimited license to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine, a	
24	licensed dentist, a licensed chiropractor, a licensed optometrist,	
25	or a licensed podiatrist;	
26	(6) teaching, administering, supervising, delegating, and	
27	evaluating nursing practice;	
28	(7) delegating tasks which assist in implementing the nursing,	
29	medical, or dental regimen; or	
30	(8) performing acts which are approved by the board or by the	
31	board in collaboration with the medical licensing board of	
32	Indiana.	
33	(c) As used in this chapter, "assessing health conditions" means the	
34	collection of data through means such as interviews, observation, and	
35	inspection for the purpose of:	
36	(1) deriving a nursing diagnosis;	
37	(2) identifying the need for additional data collection by nursing	
38	personnel; and	
39	(3) identifying the need for additional data collection by other	
40	health professionals.	
41	(d) As used in this chapter, "nursing regimen" means preventive,	
12	restorative, maintenance, and promotion activities which include	



1	meeting or assisting with self-care needs, counseling, and teaching.
2	(e) As used in this chapter, "nursing diagnosis" means the
3	identification of needs which are amenable to nursing regimen.
4	SECTION 29. IC 25-23-1-1.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
5	SECTION 171, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.2. As used in this chapter,
7	"licensed practical nurse" means a person who holds a valid license
8	issued under this chapter or by a party state (as defined in
9	IC 25-23.3-2-12) and who functions at the direction of:
10	(1) a registered nurse;
11	(2) a physician with an unlimited license to practice medicine or
12	osteopathic medicine;
13	(3) a licensed dentist;
14	(4) a licensed chiropractor;
15	(5) a licensed optometrist; or
16	(6) a licensed podiatrist;
17	in the performance of activities commonly performed by practical
18	nurses and requiring special knowledge or skill.
19	SECTION 30. IC 25-23-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
20	SECTION 172, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 7. (a) The board shall do the
22	following:
23	(1) Adopt under IC 4-22-2 rules necessary to enable it to carry
24	into effect this chapter.
25	(2) Prescribe standards and approve curricula for nursing
26	education programs preparing persons for licensure under this
27	chapter.
28	(3) Provide for surveys of such programs at such times as it
29	considers necessary.
30	(4) Accredit such programs as meet the requirements of this
31	chapter and of the board.
32	(5) Deny or withdraw accreditation from nursing education
33	programs for failure to meet prescribed curricula or other
34	standards.
35	(6) Examine, license, and renew the license of qualified
36	applicants.
37	(7) Issue subpoenas, compel the attendance of witnesses, and
38	administer oaths to persons giving testimony at hearings.
39	(8) Cause the prosecution of all persons violating this chapter and
40	have power to incur necessary expenses for these prosecutions.
41	(9) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that do the following:
42	(A) Prescribe standards for the competent practice of



1	registered, practical, and advanced practice nursing.	
2	(B) Establish with the approval of the medical licensing board	
3	created by IC 25-22.5-2-1 requirements that advanced practice	
4	nurses must meet to be granted authority to prescribe legend	
5	drugs and to retain that authority.	
6	(C) Establish, with the approval of the medical licensing board	
7	created by IC 25-22.5-2-1, requirements for the renewal of a	
8	practice agreement under section 19.4 of this chapter, which	
9	shall expire on October 31 in each odd-numbered year.	
10	(10) Keep a record of all its proceedings.	
11	(11) Collect and distribute annually demographic information on	
12	the number and type of registered nurses and licensed practical	
13	nurses employed in Indiana.	
14	(12) Adopt rules and administer the interstate nurse licensure	
15	compact under IC 25-23.3.	_
16	(b) The board may do the following:	
17	(1) Create ad hoc subcommittees representing the various nursing	
18	specialties and interests of the profession of nursing. Persons	
19	appointed to a subcommittee serve for terms as determined by the	
20	board.	
21	(2) Utilize the appropriate subcommittees so as to assist the board	
22	with its responsibilities. The assistance provided by the	
23	subcommittees may include the following:	
24	(A) Recommendation of rules necessary to carry out the duties	_
25	of the board.	
26	(B) Recommendations concerning educational programs and	_
27	requirements.	
28	(C) Recommendations regarding examinations and licensure	
29	of applicants.	
30	(3) Appoint nurses to serve on each of the ad hoc subcommittees.	
31	(4) Withdraw from the interstate nurse licensure compact	
32	under IC 25-23.2 (repealed).	
33	(5) If requested by the nonprofit corporation formed under	
34	IC 12-31-1-3, provide assistance to the public umbilical cord	
35	blood bank and umbilical cord blood donation initiative.	
36	(c) Nurses appointed under subsection (b) must:	
37	(1) be committed to advancing and safeguarding the nursing	
38	profession as a whole; and	
39 40	(2) represent nurses who practice in the field directly affected by	
40 41	a subcommittee's actions.	
41 42	SECTION 31. IC 25-23-1-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,	



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 11. (a) Any person who applies to
2	the board for a license to practice as a registered nurse must:
3	(1) not have:
4	(A) been convicted of a crime that has a direct bearing on the
5	person's ability to practice competently; or
6	(B) committed an act that would constitute a ground for a
7	disciplinary sanction under IC 25-1-9;
8	(2) have completed:
9	(A) the prescribed curriculum and met the graduation
10	requirements of a state accredited program of registered
11	nursing that only accepts students who have a high school
12	diploma or its equivalent as determined by the board; or
13	(B) the prescribed curriculum and graduation requirements of
14	a nursing education program in a foreign country that is
15	substantially equivalent to a board approved program as
16	determined by the board. The board may by rule adopted under
17	IC 4-22-2 require an applicant under this subsection to
18	successfully complete an examination approved by the board
19	to measure the applicant's qualifications and background in the
20	practice of nursing and proficiency in the English language;
21	and
22	(3) be physically and mentally capable of and professionally
23	competent to safely engage in the practice of nursing as
24	determined by the board.
25	The board may not require a person to have a baccalaureate degree in
26	nursing as a prerequisite for licensure.
27	(b) The applicant must pass an examination in such subjects as the
28	board may determine.
29	(c) The board may issue by endorsement a license to practice as a
30	registered nurse to an applicant who has been licensed as a registered
31	nurse, by examination, under the laws of another state if the applicant
32	presents proof satisfactory to the board that, at the time that the
33	applicant applies for an Indiana license by endorsement, the applicant
34	holds a current license in another state and possesses credentials and
35	qualifications that are substantially equivalent to requirements in
36	Indiana for licensure by examination. The board may specify by rule
37	what constitutes substantial equivalence under this subsection.
38	(d) The board may issue by endorsement a license to practice as a
39	registered nurse to an applicant who:
40	(1) has completed the English version of the:
41	(A) Canadian Nurse Association Testing Service Examination
42	(CNAT); or



1	(B) Canadian Registered Nurse Examination (CRNE);
2	(2) achieved the passing score required on the examination at the
3	time the examination was taken;
4	(3) is currently licensed in a Canadian province or in another
5	state; and
6	(4) meets the other requirements under this section.
7	(e) Each applicant for examination and registration to practice as a
8	registered nurse shall pay a fee set by the board, The board may set a
9	proctoring fee to be paid by applicants who are graduates of a state
10	accredited school in another state. a part of which must be used for
11	the rehabilitation of impaired registered nurses and impaired
12	licensed practical nurses. Payment of the fee or fees shall be made by
13	the applicant prior to the date of examination. The lesser of the
14	following amounts from fees collected under this subsection shall
15	be deposited in the impaired nurses account of the state general
16	fund established by section 34 of this chapter:
17	(1) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the license application fee
18	per license applied for under this section.
19	(2) The cost per license to operate the impaired nurses
20	program, as determined by the Indiana professional licensing
21	agency.
22	(f) Any person who holds a license to practice as a registered nurse
23	in:
24	(1) Indiana; or
25	(2) a party state (as defined in IC 25-23.3-2-12);
26	may use the title "Registered Nurse" and the abbreviation "R.N.". No
27	other person shall practice or advertise as or assume the title of
28	registered nurse or use the abbreviation of "R.N." or any other words,
29	letters, signs, or figures to indicate that the person using same is a
30	registered nurse.
31	SECTION 32. IC 25-23-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
32	SECTION 174, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) A person who applies to the
34	board for a license to practice as a licensed practical nurse must:
35	(1) not have been convicted of:
36	(A) an act which would constitute a ground for disciplinary
37	sanction under IC 25-1-9; or
38	(B) a crime that has a direct bearing on the person's ability to
39	practice competently;
40	(2) have completed:
41	(A) the prescribed curriculum and met the graduation
42	requirements of a state accredited program of practical nursing



1	that only accepts students who have a high school diploma or	
2	its equivalent, as determined by the board; or	
3	(B) the prescribed curriculum and graduation requirements of	
4	a nursing education program in a foreign country that is	
5	substantially equivalent to a board approved program as	
6	determined by the board. The board may by rule adopted under	
7	IC 4-22-2 require an applicant under this subsection to	
8	successfully complete an examination approved by the board	
9	to measure the applicant's qualifications and background in the	
10	practice of nursing and proficiency in the English language;	4
11	and	
12	(3) be physically and mentally capable of, and professionally	
13	competent to, safely engage in the practice of practical nursing as	
14	determined by the board.	
15	(b) The applicant must pass an examination in such subjects as the	
16	board may determine.	4
17	(c) The board may issue by endorsement a license to practice as a	
18	licensed practical nurse to an applicant who has been licensed as a	
19	licensed practical nurse, by examination, under the laws of another	
20	state if the applicant presents proof satisfactory to the board that, at the	
21	time of application for an Indiana license by endorsement, the applicant	
22	possesses credentials and qualifications that are substantially	
23	equivalent to requirements in Indiana for licensure by examination. The	
24	board may specify by rule what shall constitute substantial equivalence	
25	under this subsection.	
26	(d) Each applicant for examination and registration to practice as a	
27	practical nurse shall pay a fee set by the board, The board may set a	
28	proctoring fee to be paid by applicants who are graduates of a state	\
29	accredited school in another state, a part of which must be used for	
30	the rehabilitation of impaired registered nurses and impaired	
31	licensed practical nurses. Payment of the fees shall be made by the	
32	applicant before the date of examination. The lesser of the following	
33	amounts from fees collected under this subsection shall be	
34	deposited in the impaired nurses account of the state general fund	
35	established by section 34 of this chapter:	
36	(1) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the license application fee	
37	per license applied for under this section.	
38	(2) The cost per license to operate the impaired nurses	
39	program, as determined by the Indiana professional licensing	
40	agency.	

(e) Any person who holds a license to practice as a licensed



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agency.

practical nurse in:

1	(1) Indiana; or
2	(2) a party state (as defined in IC 25-23.3-2-12);
3	may use the title "Licensed Practical Nurse" and the abbreviation
4	"L.P.N.". No other person shall practice or advertise as or assume the
5	title of licensed practical nurse or use the abbreviation of "L.P.N." or
6	any other words, letters, signs, or figures to indicate that the person
7	using them is a licensed practical nurse.
8	SECTION 33. IC 25-23-1-16.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
9	SECTION 451, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
10	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 16.1. (a) A license to practice as a
11	registered nurse expires on October 31 in each odd-numbered year.
12	Failure to renew the license on or before the expiration date will
13	automatically render the license invalid without any action by the
14	board.
15	(b) A license to practice as a licensed practical nurse expires on
16	October 31 in each even-numbered year. Failure to renew the license
17	on or before the expiration date will automatically render the license
18	invalid without any action by the board.
19	(c) The procedures and fee for renewal shall be set by the board.
20	(d) At the time of license renewal, each registered nurse and each
21	licensed practical nurse shall pay a renewal fee, a portion of which
22	shall be for the rehabilitation of impaired registered nurses and
23	impaired licensed practical nurses. The lesser of the following amounts
24	from fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the
25	impaired nurses account of the state general fund established by section
26	34 of this chapter:
27	(1) Sixteen percent (16%) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the
28	license renewal fee per license renewed under this section.
29	(2) The cost per license to operate the impaired nurses program,
30	as determined by the Indiana professional licensing agency.
31	SECTION 34. IC 25-23-1-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
32	SECTION 175, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 27. A person who:
34	(1) sells or fraudulently obtains or furnishes any nursing diploma,
35	license or record;
36	(2) practices nursing under cover of any diploma or license or
37	record illegally or fraudulently obtained or assigned or issued
38	unlawfully or under fraudulent representation;
39	(3) practices nursing as a registered nurse or licensed practical
40	nurse unless licensed to do so under this chapter or IC 25-23.3;
41	(4) uses in connection with the person's name any designation

tending to imply that the person is a registered nurse or a licensed



1	practical nurse unless licensed to practice under this chapter or
2	IC 25-23.3;
3	(5) practices nursing during the time the person's license issued
4	under this chapter or IC 25-23.3 is suspended or revoked;
5	(6) conducts a school of nursing or a program for the training of
6	practical nurses unless the school or program has been accredited
7	by the board; or
8	(7) otherwise violates this chapter;
9	commits a Class B misdemeanor.
10	SECTION 35. IC 25-23-1-34, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007,
11	SECTION 176, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
12	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 34. (a) The impaired nurses account
13	is established within the state general fund for the purpose of providing
14	money for providing rehabilitation of impaired registered nurses or
15	licensed practical nurses under this article. The account shall be
16	administered by the Indiana professional licensing agency.
17	(b) Expenses of administering the account shall be paid from money
18	in the account. The account consists of the following:
19	(1) Funds collected for the rehabilitation of impaired registered
20	nurses and impaired licensed practical nurses under section
21	sections 11(e), 12(d), and 16.1(d) of this chapter.
22	(2) Funds collected under section 31(c)(2) of this chapter.
23	(3) Funds collected for the rehabilitation of impaired registered
24	nurses and impaired licensed practical nurses under
25	IC 25-23.2-3-5 (repealed).
26	(4)(3) Fines collected from registered nurses or licensed practical
27	nurses under IC 25-1-9-9(a)(6).
28	(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the account not
29	currently needed to meet the obligations of the account in the same
30	manner as other public money may be invested.
31	(d) Money in the account is appropriated to the board for the
32	purpose stated in subsection (a).
33	SECTION 36. IC 25-23.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
34	AS A <b>NEW</b> ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
35	1, 2008]:
36	ARTICLE 23.3. INTERSTATE NURSE LICENSURE
37	COMPACT
38	Chapter 1. Purpose
39	Sec. 1. It is the purpose of this compact to allow qualified nurses
40	who are licensed in a compact state to practice nursing in another
41	compact state and to reduce redundant licensing requirements of
42	nurses who practice in multiple states.



1	Chapter 2. Definitions
2	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
3	article.
4	Sec. 2. "Adverse action" means a home or remote state action.
5	Sec. 3. "Alternative program" means a voluntary,
6	nondisciplinary monitoring program approved by a nurse licensing
7	board.
8	Sec. 4. "Board" has the meaning set forth in IC 25-23-1-1.
9	Sec. 5. "Coordinated licensure information system" means an
10	integrated process:
11	(1) for collecting, storing, and sharing information on nurse
12	licensure and enforcement activities related to nurse licensure
13	laws; and
14	(2) administered by a nonprofit organization composed of and
15	controlled by state nurse licensing boards.
16	Sec. 6. "Home state" means the party state that is a nurse's
17	primary state of residence.
18	Sec. 7. "Home state action" means any administrative, civil,
19	equitable, or criminal action permitted by the home state's laws
20	that are imposed on a nurse by the home state's licensing board,
21	including an action against an individual's license, such as
22	revocation, suspension, probation, or any other action that affects
23	a nurse's authorization to practice.
24	Sec. 8. "Licensing board" means a party state's regulatory body
25	responsible for issuing nurse licenses.
26	Sec. 9. "Multistate licensure privilege" means current, official
27	authority from a remote state permitting the practice of nursing as
28	either a registered nurse or a licensed practical/vocational nurse in
29	that party state. All party states have the authority, in accordance
30	with state due process law, to take actions against a nurse's
31	privilege, such as revocation, suspension, probation, or any other
32	action that affects a nurse's authorization to practice.
33	Sec. 10. "Nurse" means a registered nurse or licensed
34	practical/vocational nurse as defined by the state practice laws of
35	each party state.
36	Sec. 11. "Party state" means any state that has adopted this
37	compact.
38	Sec. 12. "Remote state" means a party state, other than the
39	home state:
40	(1) where a patient is located at the time nursing care is
41	provided; or
42	(2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a



1	patient, in a party state where the recipient of nursing
2	practice is located.
3	Sec. 13. "Remote state action" means:
4	(1) any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action
5	permitted by a remote state's laws that are imposed on a
6	nurse by the remote state's licensing board or other authority,
7	including actions against an individual's multistate licensure
8	privilege to practice in the remote state; and
9	(2) cease and desist and other injunctive or equitable orders
.0	issued by remote states or the licensing boards of remote
1	states.
2	Sec. 14. "State" means a state, territory, or possession of the
.3	United States, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of
4	Puerto Rico.
.5	Sec. 15. "State practice laws" means the individual party state's
6	laws and rules that govern the practice of nursing, define the scope
7	of nursing practice, and create the methods and grounds for
8	imposing discipline. The term does not include the initial
9	qualifications for licensure or requirements necessary to obtain
20	and retain a license, except for qualifications or requirements of
21	the home state.
22	Chapter 3. General Provisions and Jurisdiction
23	Sec. 1. A license to practice registered nursing issued by a home
24	state to a resident in that state shall be recognized by each party
25	state as authorizing a multistate licensure privilege to practice as
26	a registered nurse in the party state. A license to practice licensed
27	practical/vocational nursing issued by a home state to a resident in
28	that state shall be recognized by each party state as authorizing a
29	multistate licensure privilege to practice as a licensed
0	practical/vocational nurse in the party state. To obtain or retain a
1	license, an applicant must meet the home state's qualifications for
32	licensure and license renewal and all other applicable state laws.
3	Sec. 2. A party state may, in accordance with state due process
34	laws, limit or revoke the multistate licensure privilege of any nurse
35	to practice in the state and may take any other actions under
66	applicable state laws necessary to protect the health and safety of
37	the state's citizens. If a party state takes such an action, it shall
8	promptly notify the administrator of the coordinated licensure
9	information system. The administrator of the coordinated licensure
10	information system shall promptly notify the home state of any
1	such actions by remote states.

Sec. 3. A nurse practicing in a party state must comply with the



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state practice laws of the state in which a patient is located at the
time care is rendered. In addition, the practice of nursing is not
limited to patient care, but includes all nursing practice as defined
by the state practice laws of a party state. The practice of nursing subjects a nurse to the jurisdiction of the nurse licensing board, the courts, and the laws in that party state.
Sec. 4. This compact does not affect additional requirements
imposed by states for advanced practice registered nursing.
However, a multistate licensure privilege to practice registered nursing granted by a party state shall be recognized by other party states as a license to practice registered nursing if a license is required by state law as a precondition for qualifying for advanced practice registered nurse authorization.  Sec. 5. Individuals not residing in a party state continue to be
sec. 3. marviduals not residing in a party state continue to be

Sec. 5. Individuals not residing in a party state continue to be able to apply for nurse licensure as provided under the laws of each party state. However, the license granted to these individuals is not recognized as granting the privilege to practice nursing in any other party state unless explicitly agreed to by that party state.

Chapter 4. Applications for Licensure in a Party State

- Sec. 1. Upon application for a license, the licensing board in a party state shall ascertain, through the coordinated licensure information system, whether the applicant has ever held, or is the holder of, a license issued by any other party state, whether there are any restrictions on the multistate licensure privilege, and whether any other adverse action by any state has been taken against the license.
- Sec. 2. A nurse in a party state may hold licensure in only one (1) party state at a time, issued by the home state.
- Sec. 3. A nurse who intends to change primary state of residence may apply for licensure in the new home state before the change. However, a new license may not be issued by a party state until a nurse provides evidence of change in primary state of residence satisfactory to the new home state's licensing board.

Sec. 4. (a) If a nurse:

- (1) changes primary state of residence by moving between two
- (2) party states; and
- (2) obtains a license from the new home state;
- the license from the former home state is no longer valid.
  - (b) If a nurse:
    - (1) changes primary state of residence by moving from a nonparty state to a party state; and
  - (2) obtains a license from the new home state;







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the individual state license issued by the nonparty state is not affected and remains in force if provided by the laws of the nonparty state.

(c) If a nurse changes primary state of residence by moving from a party state to a nonparty state, the license issued by the prior home state converts to an individual state license, valid only in the former home state, without multistate license privilege to practice in other party states.

## **Chapter 5. Adverse Actions**

- Sec. 1. The licensing board of a remote state shall promptly report to the administrator of the coordinated licensure information system any disciplinary actions taken by the licensing entity or complaints filed by the attorney general, including the factual and legal basis for such actions, if known. The licensing board of a remote state shall promptly report any disciplinary actions taken by the licensing entity or complaints filed by the remote state's attorney general. The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the home state of any such reports.
- Sec. 2. The licensing board of a party state has authority to complete any pending investigation for a nurse who changes primary state of residence during the course of the investigation. The licensing board also has authority to take appropriate action and shall promptly report the conclusions of such investigations to the administrator of the coordinated licensure information system. The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the new home state of any such actions.
- Sec. 3. A remote state may take adverse action affecting the multistate licensure privilege to practice within the remote state. However, only the home state has authority to impose adverse action against the license issued by the home state.
- Sec. 4. For purposes of imposing adverse action, the licensing board of the home state shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received from a remote state as it would if such conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, it shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action.
- Sec. 5. The home state may take adverse action based on the factual findings of a remote state, so long as each state follows its own procedures for imposing such adverse action.
- Sec. 6. This compact does not override a party state's decision that participation in an alternative program may be used instead of licensure action and that such participation shall remain



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nonpublic if required by the party state's laws. Party states mus
require nurses who enter any alternative programs to agree not to
practice in any other party state during the term of the alternative
program without prior authorization from the other party state.
Chapter 6. Additional Authority Invested in Party State Nurse
Licensing Boards
Sec. 1. Notwithstanding any other powers, a party state nurse
licensing board may do the following:
(1) If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from a nurse
the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting
from any adverse action taken against the nurse.

- (2) Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a nurse licensing board in a party state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence from another party state shall be enforced in the latter state by a court with jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses and evidence are located.
- (3) Issue cease and desist orders to limit or revoke a nurse's authority to practice in the state.
- (4) Adopt uniform rules as provided for in IC 25-23.3-8-3. Chapter 7. Coordinated Licensure Information System

Sec. 1. All party states shall participate in a cooperative effort to create a coordinated data base of all licensed registered nurses and licensed practical/vocational nurses. This system must include information on the licensure and disciplinary history of each nurse, as contributed by party states, to assist in the coordination of nurse licensure and enforcement efforts.

- Sec. 2. All party states' licensing boards shall promptly report actions against multistate licensure privileges, disciplinary actions taken by the licensing entity or complaints filed by the remote state's attorney general, denials of applications, and the reasons for such denials to the coordinated licensure information system.
- Sec. 3. All party states' licensing boards contributing information to the coordinated licensure information system may designate information that may not be shared with nonparty states or disclosed to other entities or individuals without the express



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1	permission of the contributing state.	
2	Sec. 4. Any personally identifiable information obtained by a	
3	party state's licensing board from the coordinated licensure	
4	information system may not be shared with nonparty states or	
5	disclosed to other entities or individuals except to the extent	
6	permitted by the laws of the party state contributing the	
7	information.	
8	Sec. 5. Any information contributed to the coordinated licensure	
9	information system that is subsequently required to be expunged	
10	by the laws of the party state contributing that information shall	
11	also be expunged from the coordinated licensure information	
12	system.	
13	Sec. 6. The compact administrators, acting jointly and in	
14	consultation with the administrator of the coordinated licensure	
15	information system, shall formulate necessary and proper	
16	procedures for the identification, collection, and exchange of	
17	information under this compact.	
18	Chapter 8. Compact Administration and Interchange of	
19	Information	
20	Sec. 1. The head of the nurse licensing board of each party state,	
21	or that person's designee, shall be the administrator of this	
22	compact for that person's state. For purposes of this article, the	
23	executive director of the Indiana professional licensing agency or	
24	the executive director's designee shall be the administrator of this	
25	compact.	
26	Sec. 2. The compact administrator of each party state shall	
27	furnish to the compact administrator of each other party state any	
28	information and documents, including, but not limited to, a	
29	uniform data set of investigations, identifying information,	
30	licensure data, and disclosable alternative program participation	
31	information, to facilitate the administration of this compact.	
32	Sec. 3. Compact administrators may develop uniform rules to	
33	facilitate and coordinate implementation of this compact. These	
34	uniform rules shall be adopted by a board under IC 25-23.3-6-1.	
35	Chapter 9. Immunity	
36	Sec. 1. Neither a party state nor an officer, employee, or agent	

Chapter 10. Entry Into Force, Withdrawal, and Amendment

of a party state's nurse licensing board who acts in accordance

with this compact is liable on account of any act or omission in

good faith while engaged in the performance of duties under this

compact. Good faith in this article does not include willful

misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness.



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1	Sec. 1. This compact becomes effective as to any state when it	
2	has been enacted into the laws of that state. Any party state may	
3	withdraw from this compact.	
4	Sec. 2. No withdrawal affects the validity or applicability by the	
5	licensing boards of states remaining party to the compact of any	
6	report of adverse action occurring before the withdrawal.	
7	Sec. 3. This compact shall not be construed to invalidate or	
8	prevent any nurse licensure agreement or other cooperative	
9	arrangement between a party state and a nonparty state that is	
10	made in accordance with this compact.	
11	Sec. 4. This compact may be amended by the party states. No	
12	amendment to this compact becomes effective and binding upon	
13	the party states unless and until it is enacted into the laws of all	
14	party states.	
15	Chapter 11. Construction and Severability	
16	Sec. 1. This compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its	
17	purposes. The provisions of this compact are severable and if any	
18	phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to	
19	be contrary to the constitution of any party state or of the United	
20	States or if the applicability of this compact to any government,	
21	agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the	
22	remainder of this compact and the applicability of this compact to	
23	any government, agency, person, or circumstance are not affected	
24	thereby. If this compact is held contrary to the constitution of any	
25	party state, this compact remains in full force and effect as to the	
26	remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the party	
27	state affected as to a severable matter.	
28	Sec. 2. If party states find a need for settling disputes arising	
29	under this compact:	
30	(1) the party states may submit the issues in dispute to an	
31	arbitration panel comprised of an individual appointed by the	
32	compact administrator in the home state, an individual	
33	appointed by the compact administrator in each remote state	
34	involved, and an individual mutually agreed upon by the	
35	compact administrators of all the party states involved in the	
36	dispute; and	
37	(2) the decision of a majority of the arbitrators is final and	
38	binding.	
39	Sec. 3. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, this article does not	
40	take effect until July 1, 2009.	
41	(b) This article expires July 1, 2012.	
42	SECTION 37. IC 25-23.5-3-1.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.197-2007,	



1	SECTION 66, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an	
3	occupational therapist may not provide occupational therapy services	
4	to a person until the person has been referred to the occupational	
5	therapist by one (1) of the following:	
6	(1) A physician licensed under IC 25-22.5.	
7	(2) A podiatrist licensed under IC 25-29.	
8	(3) An advanced practice nurse licensed under IC 25-23.	
9	(4) A psychologist licensed under IC 25-33. or	
10	(5) A chiropractor licensed under IC 25-10.	7
11	(6) An optometrist licensed under IC 25-24.	┺
12	(b) An occupational therapist may provide the following services	
13	without a referral from a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5, a	
14	podiatrist licensed under IC 25-29, an advanced practice nurse licensed	
15	under IC 25-23, a psychologist licensed under IC 25-33, or a	
16	chiropractor licensed under IC 25-10, or an optometrist licensed	7
17	under IC 25-24:	L
18	(1) Ergonomic or home assessment.	
19	(2) Injury or illness prevention education and wellness services.	
20	(3) Occupational therapy activities provided in an educational	
21	setting.	L
22	(4) Occupational therapy activities that the board determines,	L
23	after reviewing the recommendations of the committee, are	ľ
24	appropriate to be conducted in a community based environment.	_
25	SECTION 38. IC 25-23.6-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. (a) An individual	_
27	may not:	A
28	(1) profess to be a licensed marriage and family therapist;	
29	(2) use the title:	
30	(A) "licensed marriage and family therapist";	
31	(B) "marriage and family therapist"; or	
32	(C) "family therapist";	
33	(3) use any other words, letters, abbreviations, or insignia	
34	indicating or implying that the individual is a licensed marriage	
35	and family therapist; or	
36	(4) practice marriage and family therapy for compensation;	
37	unless the individual is licensed under this article, IC 25-22.5,	
38	IC 25-23.6-8-1, or IC 25-33.	
39	(b) An individual may not:	
40	(1) profess to be a licensed marriage and family therapist	
41	associate;	
42	(2) use the title:	



1	(A) "licensed marriage and family therapist associate";
2	(B) "marriage and family therapist associate"; or
3	(C) "family therapist associate";
4	(3) use any other words, letters, abbreviations, or insignia
5	indicating or implying that the individual is a licensed
6	marriage and family therapist associate; or
7	(4) practice marriage and family therapy for compensation;
8	unless the individual is licensed under IC 25-22.5, IC 25-23.6-8-1.5,
9	or IC 25-33.
10	(c) Subsections (a)(4) and (b)(4) do not apply to a person who is
11	specified under section 2 of this chapter.
12	SECTION 39. IC 25-23.6-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
13	SECTION 330, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. (a) This article may not be
15	construed to limit the marriage and family therapy services performed
16	by a person who does not use a title specified in this article and who is
17	one (1) of the following:
18	(1) A licensed or certified health care professional acting within
19	the scope of the person's license or certificate.
20	(2) A student, an intern, or a trainee pursuing a course of study in
21	medicine or psychology or a course of study to gain licensure
22	under this article in an accredited eligible postsecondary
23	educational institution or training institution or is a graduate
24	accumulating experience required for licensure if:
25	(A) the activities are performed under qualified supervision
26	and constitute a part of the person's supervised course of study
27	or other level of supervision; and
28	(B) the student or graduate uses a title that contains the term
29	"intern" or "trainee";
30	(3) Not a resident of Indiana if the person performed services in
31	Indiana for not more than five (5) days in any one (1) month and
32	not more than fifteen (15) days in any one (1) calendar year and
33	the person is authorized to perform such services under the laws
34	of the state or country in which the person resides.
35	(4) A rabbi, priest, Christian Science practitioner, minister, or
36	other member of the clergy.
37	(5) An employee of or a volunteer for a nonprofit corporation or
38	an organization performing charitable, religious, or educational
39	functions, providing pastoral counseling or other assistance.
40	(6) A person who provides school counseling or a person who is
41	certified by a state or national organization that is recognized by
42	the Indiana division of mental health and addiction and who



1	provides counseling in the areas of alcohol or drug abuse	
2	addictions.	
3	(b) Nothing in this section prohibits a person referred to in	
4	subsection (a) from qualifying for licensure under this article.	
5	SECTION 40. IC 25-23.6-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 4. (a) An individual	
7	who is licensed as a marriage and family therapist under	
8	IC 25-23.6-8-1 shall:	
9	(1) display the license or a clear copy of the license at each	
10	location where the marriage and family therapist regularly	
11	practices; and	
12	(2) include the words "licensed marriage and family therapist" or	
13	the letters "LMFT" on all promotional materials, including	
14	business cards, brochures, stationery, advertisements, and signs	
15	that name the individual.	
16	(b) An individual who is licensed as a marriage and family	
17	therapist associate under IC 25-23.6-8-1.5 shall:	
18	(1) display the license or a clear copy of the license at each	
19	location where the marriage and family therapist associate	
20	regularly practices; and	
21	(2) include the words "licensed marriage and family therapist	
22	associate" or the letters "LMFTA" on all promotional	
23	materials, including business cards, brochures, stationery,	
24	advertisements, and signs that name the individual.	
25	SECTION 41. IC 25-23.6-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,	
26	SECTION 337, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. An individual who applies for a	
28	license as a marriage and family therapist must meet the following	
29	requirements:	
30	(1) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the individual	
31	has:	
32	(A) received a master's or doctor's degree in marriage and	
33	family therapy, or in a related area as determined by the board	
34	from an eligible postsecondary educational institution that	
35	meets the requirements under section 2.1(a)(1) of this chapter	
36	or from a foreign school that has a program of study that meets	
37	the requirements under section 2.1(a)(2) or (2.1)(a)(3) of this	
38	chapter; and	
39 40	(B) completed the educational requirements under section 2.5	
40 41	of this chapter.	
41 42	(2) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the	
42	individual has met the clinical experience requirements under	



1	section 2.7 of this chapter.	
2	(3) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the	
3	individual:	
4	(A) holds a marriage and family therapist associate license,	
5	in good standing, issued under section 5 of this chapter; or	
6	(B) is licensed or certified to practice as a marriage and	
7	family therapist in another state and is otherwise qualified	
8	under this chapter.	
9	(2) (4) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the	
10	individual does not have a conviction for a crime that has a direct	
11	bearing on the individual's ability to practice competently.	
12	(3) (5) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the	
13	individual has not been the subject of a disciplinary action by a	
14	licensing or certification agency of another state or jurisdiction on	
15	the grounds that the individual was not able to practice as a	
16	marriage and family therapist without endangering the public.	
17	(4) Pass an examination provided by the board.	
18	(5) (6) Pay the fee established by the board.	
19	SECTION 42. IC 25-23.6-8-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.5. An individual who applies for	
22	a license as a marriage and family therapist associate must meet	
23	the following requirements:	
24	(1) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the	
25	individual has:	
26	(A) received a master's or doctor's degree in marriage and	
27	family therapy, or in a related area as determined by the	
28	board from an institution of higher education that meets	
29	the requirements under section $2.1(a)(1)$ of this chapter or	
30	from a foreign school that has a program of study that	
31	meets the requirements under section $2.1(a)(2)$ or $2.1(a)(3)$	
32	of this chapter; and	
33	(B) completed the educational requirements under section	
34	2.5 of this chapter.	
35	(2) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the	
36	individual does not have a conviction for a crime that has a	
37	direct bearing on the individual's ability to practice	
38	competently.	
39	(3) Furnish satisfactory evidence to the board that the	
40	individual has not been the subject of a disciplinary action by	
41	a licensing or certification agency of another state or	
12	jurisdiction on the grounds that the individual was not able to	



1	practice as a marriage and family therapist without
2	endangering the public.
3	(4) Pay the fee established by the board.
4	(5) Pass an examination provided by the board.
5	SECTION 43. IC 25-23.6-8-2.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
6	SECTION 338, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2.1. (a) An applicant for a license
8	as a marriage and family therapist under section 1 of this chapter or
9	an applicant for a license as a marriage and family therapist
.0	associate under section 1.5 of this chapter must have received a
.1	master's or doctor's degree in marriage and family therapy, or in a
2	related area as determined by the board, from an eligible postsecondary
3	educational institution that meets the following requirements:
4	(1) If the institution was located in the United States or a territory
.5	of the United States, at the time of the applicant's graduation the
6	institution was accredited by a regional accrediting body
7	recognized by the Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary
. 8	Accreditation.
9	(2) If the institution was located in Canada, at the time of the
20	applicant's graduation the institution was a member in good
21	standing with the Association of Universities and Colleges of
22	Canada.
23	(3) If the institution was located in a foreign country other than
24	Canada, at the time of the applicant's graduation the institution:
25	(A) was recognized by the government of the country where
26	the school was located as a program to train in the practice of
27	marriage and family therapy or psychotherapy; and
28	(B) maintained a standard of training substantially equivalent
29	to the standards of institutions accredited by a regional
0	accrediting body recognized by the Commission on
31	Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation.
32	(b) An applicant for a license as a marriage and family therapist
33	under section 1 of this chapter or an applicant for a license as a
4	marriage and family therapist associate under section 1.5 of this
55	chapter who has a master's or doctoral degree from a program that did
66	not emphasize marriage and family therapy may complete the course
37	work requirement from an institution that is:
8	(1) accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage
19	and Family Therapy Education; and
10	(2) recognized by the United States Department of Education.
1	SECTION 44. IC 25-23.6-8-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
12	SECTION 339, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2.5. (a) An applicant for a license	
2	as a marriage and family therapist under section 1 of this chapter or	
3	an applicant for a license as a marriage and family therapist	
4	associate under section 1.5 of this chapter must complete the	
5	following educational requirements:	
6	(1) Except as provided in subsection (b), complete twenty-seven	
7	(27) semester hours or forty-one (41) quarter hours of graduate	
8	course work that must include graduate level course credits with	
9	material in at least the following content areas:	4
10	(A) Theoretical foundations of marriage and family therapy.	
11	(B) Major models of marriage and family therapy.	
12	(C) Individual development.	
13	(D) Family development and family relationships.	
14	(E) Clinical problems.	
15	(F) Collaboration with other disciplines.	_
16	(G) Sexuality.	
17	(H) Gender and sexual orientation.	
18	(I) Issues of ethnicity, race, socioeconomic status, and culture.	
19	(J) Therapy techniques.	
20	(K) Behavioral research that focuses on the interpretation and	
21	application of research data as it applies to clinical practice.	
22	The content areas may be combined into any one (1) graduate	
23	level course, if the applicant can prove that the course work was	
24	devoted to each content area.	_
25	(2) Not less than one (1) graduate level course of two (2) semester	
26	hours or three (3) quarter hours in the following areas:	
27	(A) Legal, ethical, and professional standards issues in the	
28	practice of marriage and family therapy or an equivalent	1
29	course approved by the board.	
30	(B) Appraisal and assessment for individual or interpersonal	
31	disorder or dysfunction.	
32	(3) At least one (1) supervised clinical practicum, internship, or	
33	field experience in a marriage and family counseling setting that	
34	meets the following requirements:	
35	(A) The applicant provided five hundred (500) face to face	
36	client contact hours of marriage and family therapy services	
37	under the supervision of a licensed marriage and family	
38	therapist who has at least five (5) years of experience or a	
39	qualified supervisor approved by the board.	
40	(B) The applicant received one hundred (100) hours of	
41	supervision from a licensed marriage and family therapist who	
42	has at least five (5) years experience as a qualified supervisor.	



The requirements under subdivisions (A) and (B) may be met by
a supervised practice experience that took place away from an
institution of higher education but that is certified by an official
of the eligible postsecondary educational institution as being
equivalent to a graduate level practicum or internship program at
an institution accredited by an accrediting agency approved by the
United States Department of Education Commission on
Recognition of Postsecondary Education, the Association of
Universities and Colleges of Canada, or the Commission on
Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education.

- (b) The following graduate work may not be used to satisfy the content area requirements under subsection (a):
  - (1) Thesis or dissertation work.
  - (2) Practicums, internships, or fieldwork.

SECTION 45. IC 25-23.6-8-2.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2007, SECTION 85, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2.7. (a) An applicant for a license as a marriage and family therapist under section 1 of this chapter must have at least two (2) years of clinical experience, during which at least fifty percent (50%) of the applicant's clients were receiving marriage and family therapy services. The applicant's clinical experience must include one thousand (1,000) hours of post degree clinical experience and two hundred (200) hours of post degree clinical supervision, of which one hundred (100) hours must be individual supervision, under the supervision of a licensed marriage and family therapist who has at least five (5) years of experience or an equivalent supervisor, as determined by the board.

- (b) Within the two (2) years Before an individual obtains any post degree clinical experience, the individual must be licensed as a marriage and family therapist associate under this chapter. When obtaining the clinical experience required under subsection (a), the applicant must provide direct individual, group, and family therapy and counseling to the following categories of cases:
  - (1) Unmarried couples.
  - (2) Married couples.
  - (3) Separating or divorcing couples.
- (4) Family groups, including children.
  - (c) A doctoral internship may be applied toward the supervised work experience requirement.
  - (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), the experience requirement may be met by work performed at or away from the premises of the supervising marriage and family therapist.



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1	(e) The work requirement may not be performed away from the
2	supervising marriage and family therapist's premises if:
3	(1) the work is the independent private practice of marriage and
4	family therapy; and
5	(2) the work is not performed at a place that has the supervision
6	of a licensed marriage and family therapist or an equivalent
7	supervisor, as determined by the board.
8	SECTION 46. IC 25-23.6-8-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. An individual who
10	satisfies the requirements of sections 1 and 2 section 1.5(1) through
11	1.5(4) of this chapter may take the examination provided by the board.
12	SECTION 47. IC 25-23.6-8-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. The board shall issue
14	a marriage and family therapist license or marriage and family
15	therapist associate license, as appropriate, to an individual who:
16	(1) achieves a passing score, as determined by the board, on the
17	examination provided under this chapter; and
18	(2) is otherwise qualified under this article.
19	SECTION 48. IC 25-23.6-8-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 8. (a) A marriage and
21	family therapist license issued by the board is valid for the remainder
22	of the renewal period in effect on the date the license was issued.
23	(b) An individual may renew a marriage and family therapist
24	license by:
25	(1) paying a renewal fee on or before the expiration date of the
26	license; and
27	(2) completing not less than fifteen (15) hours of continuing
28	education each licensure year.
29	(c) If an individual fails to pay a renewal on or before the expiration
30	date of a license, the license becomes invalid.
31	SECTION 49. IC 25-23.6-8-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
32	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 8.5. (a) A marriage and family
34	therapist associate license issued by the board is valid for the
35	remainder of the renewal period in effect on the date the license
36	was issued.
37	(b) An individual may renew a marriage and family therapist
38	associate license two (2) times by:
39	(1) paying a renewal fee on or before the expiration date of
40	the license; and
41	(2) completing not less than fifteen (15) hours of continuing
42	education each licensure year.



1	(c) The board may renew a marriage and family therapist
2	associate license for additional periods based on circumstances
3	determined by the board.
4	(d) If an individual fails to pay a renewal fee on or before the
5	expiration date of a license, the license becomes invalid.
6	SECTION 50. IC 25-23.6-8-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 9. (a) The board may
8	reinstate an invalid marriage and family therapist license issued
9	under section 5 of this chapter up to three (3) years after the
10	expiration date of the license if the individual holding the invalid
11	license meets the requirements under IC 25-1-8-6.
12	(b) If more than three (3) years have elapsed since the date a
13	marriage and family therapist license expired, the individual holding
14	the license may renew the license by satisfying the requirements for
15	renewal established by the board and meeting the requirements under
16	IC 25-1-8-6.
17	(c) The board may reinstate an invalid marriage and family
18	therapist associate license issued under section 5 of this chapter up
19	to one (1) year after the expiration date of the license if the
20	individual holding the invalid license meets the requirements under
21	IC 25-1-8-6. An associate license that has been expired for more
22	than one (1) year may not be reinstated under IC 25-1-8-6.
23	SECTION 51. IC 25-23.6-8-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 11. (a) An individual
25	who is licensed as a marriage and family therapist under this article
26	chapter shall notify the board in writing when the individual retires
27	from practice.
28	(b) Upon receipt of the notice, the board shall:
29	(1) record the fact the individual is retired; and
30	(2) release the individual from further payment of renewal fees
31	and continuing education requirements.
32	SECTION 52. IC 25-23.6-8-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 13. (a) An individual
34	who applies for a marriage and family therapist license under
35	section 1 of this article chapter may be exempted by the board from
36	the examination requirement under this chapter if the individual:
37	(1) complies with subsection (b); and
38	(1) (2) is licensed or certified to practice as a marriage and family
39	therapist in another state or (2) has engaged in the practice of
40	marriage and family therapy for at least three (3) of the previous
41	five (5) years.
42	(b) An individual may be exempted under subsection (a) if the



1	individual:
2	(3) (1) has passed a licensing examination substantially
3	equivalent to the licensing examination required under this
4	article;
5	(4) (2) has passed an examination pertaining to the marriage and
6	family therapy laws and rules of this state; and
7	(5) (3) has not committed any act or is not under investigation for
8	any act that constitutes a violation of this article;
9	and is otherwise qualified under sections section 1 and 2 of this chapter
10	and pays an additional fee.
11	SECTION 53. IC 34-30-2-99.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
12	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 99.5. IC 25-23.3-9-1 (Concerning
14	acts and omissions under the interstate nurse licensure compact).
15	SECTION 54. IC 25-23-1-28 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
16	1, 2008].
17	SECTION 55. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) As used in this
18	SECTION, "commission" refers to the health finance commission
19	established by IC 2-5-23-3.
20	(b) During the 2008 interim, the commission shall:
21	(1) study domestic violence programs administered by the
22	state; and
23	(2) determine the most appropriate state agency to administer
24	domestic violence programs.
25	(c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2008.
26	SECTION 56. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) Notwithstanding
27	IC 25-23.3, as added by this act, IC 25-23.3 may not be
28	implemented until July 1, 2009.
29	(b) The Indiana state board of nursing shall, not later than June
30 31	30, 2009, adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to administer IC 25-23.3, as
32	added by this act. (c) This SECTION expires July 1, 2009.
33	SECTION 57. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this
34	SECTION, "office" refers to the office of Medicaid policy and
35	planning established by IC 12-8-6-1.
36	(b) Before July 1, 2008, the office shall apply to the United
37	States Department of Health and Human Services for an
38	amendment to the state Medicaid plan to provide coverage for
39	adults and children for medically necessary umbilical cord
40	transplants and other related procedures under the state Medicaid

program (IC 12-15) if the Medicaid recipient's provider receives

prior approval for the procedure from the office.



1	(c) The office may not implement the plan amendment until the	
2	office files an affidavit with the governor attesting that the plan	
3	amendment applied for under this SECTION is in effect. The office	
4	shall file the affidavit under this subsection not later than five (5)	
5	days after the office is notified that the plan amendment is	
6	approved.	
7	(d) If the office receives a plan amendment under this SECTION	
8	from the United States Department of Health and Human Services	
9	and the governor receives the affidavit filed under subsection (c),	
10	the office shall implement the plan amendment not more than sixty	
11	(60) days after the governor receives the affidavit.	
12	(e) The office may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary to	
13	implement this SECTION.	
14	(f) This SECTION expires December 31, 2013.	
15	SECTION 58. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) The office of the	
16	secretary of family and social services shall adopt the rules	
17	required by IC 12-31-1-3(b), as added by this act, in the manner	
18	provided in IC 4-22-2-37.1. The office shall immediately begin the	
19	adoption of the rules and shall adopt the final rules before March	
20	1, 2009.	
21	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2009.	
22	SECTION 59. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) As used in this	
23	SECTION, "commission" refers to the health finance commission	
24	established by IC 2-5-23-3.	
25	(b) Not later than October 1, 2008, the state police department	
26	shall report to the commission and legislative council in an	
27	electronic format under IC 5-14-6 concerning any changes the	,
28	federal government has made in criminal background check	
29	procedures.	
30	(c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2008.	
31	SECTION 60. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) This SECTION	
32	applies beginning July 1, 2008, and ending June 30, 2009.	
33	(b) Notwithstanding any other law and except as provided in	
34	subsection (c), a person who operates a home health agency under	
35	IC 16-27-1 or a personal services agency under IC 16-27-4 shall	
36	apply, not more than three (3) business days after the date that an	
37	employee begins to provide services in a patient's temporary or	
38	permanent residence, for a copy of the employee's limited criminal	

(c) If a home health agency or personal services agency

determines an employee lived outside Indiana at any time during the two (2) years immediately before the date the individual was



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history under IC 10-13-3.

l	hired by the agency, the home health agency or personal service
2	agency shall apply, not more than three (3) business days after th
3	date that an employee begins to provide services in a patient'
1	temporary or permanent residence, for the employee's nationa
5	criminal history background check from the Indiana centra
6	repository for criminal history information under IC 10-13-3-39
7	(d) This SECTION expires June 30, 2009.
3	SECTION 61. An emergency is declared for this act.

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## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred House Bill 1172, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 9, line 1, strike "Subject to section".

Page 9, strike lines 2 through 3.

Page 9, line 20, reset in roman "If a licensed acupuncturist practices acupuncture on a patient".

Page 9, reset in roman line 21.

Page 9, line 22, reset in roman "the patient from a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5".

Page 9, line 22, after "IC 25-22.5" insert ",".

Page 9, line 23, reset in roman "the physician is immune from civil liability relating to".

Page 9, reset in roman lines 24 through 26.

Page 10, line 39, strike "eleemosynary" and insert "charitable".

Page 11, line 31, after "issued" insert "dental".

Page 12, line 19, delete "office".

Page 12, line 20, after "dentist" insert "with patient care".

Page 15, line 3, delete "(e)" and insert "(g)".

Page 15, line 4, delete "(f)," and insert "(h),".

Page 15, line 17, delete "course" and insert "curriculum".

Page 15, line 17, delete "anticariogenic".

Page 15, line 18, after "medicaments" insert "for the control or prevention of dental caries".

Page 15, line 18, after "dentist." insert "The curriculum must include instruction on the following:

- (1) Ethics and jurisprudence.
- (2) Reasons for fluorides.
- (3) Systemic fluoride.
- (4) Topical fluoride.
- (5) Fluoride application.
- (6) Laboratory work on topical fluoride applications and patient competency.".

Page 15, line 20, delete "course" and insert "curriculum".

Page 15, line 21, after "dentist." insert "The curriculum must include instruction on the following:

- (1) Ethics and jurisprudence.
- (2) Plaque and materia alba.
- (3) Intrinsic and extrinsic stain.
- (4) Abrasive agents.

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- (5) Use of a slow speed hand piece, prophy cup, and occlusal polishing brush.
- (6) Theory of selective polishing.
- (7) Laboratory work concerning slow speed hand piece, hand dexterity, and patient competency.".

Page 15, delete lines 22 through 42.

Page 16, delete lines 1 through 16.

Page 32, line 4, after "3." insert "(a) Notwithstanding any other law, this article does not take effect until July 1, 2009.

**(b)**".

Page 32, delete lines 30 through 42.

Delete pages 33 through 35.

Page 36, delete lines 1 through 31.

Page 37, between lines 16 and 17, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 40. IC 25-23.6-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 330, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 2. (a) This article may not be construed to limit the marriage and family therapy services performed by a person who does not use a title specified in this article and who is one (1) of the following:

- (1) A licensed or certified health care professional acting within the scope of the person's license or certificate.
- (2) A student, an intern, or a trainee pursuing a course of study in medicine or psychology or a course of study to gain licensure under this article in an accredited eligible postsecondary educational institution or training institution or is a graduate accumulating experience required for licensure if:
  - (A) the activities are performed under qualified supervision and constitute a part of the person's supervised course of study or other level of supervision; and
  - (B) the student or graduate uses a title that contains the term "intern" or "trainee";
- (3) Not a resident of Indiana if the person performed services in Indiana for not more than five (5) days in any one (1) month and not more than fifteen (15) days in any one (1) calendar year and the person is authorized to perform such services under the laws of the state or country in which the person resides.
- (4) A rabbi, priest, Christian Science practitioner, minister, or other member of the clergy.
- (5) An employee of or a volunteer for a nonprofit corporation or an organization performing charitable, religious, or educational functions, providing pastoral counseling or other assistance.

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- (6) A person who provides school counseling or a person who is certified by a state or national organization that is recognized by the Indiana division of mental health and addiction and who provides counseling in the areas of alcohol or drug abuse addictions.
- (b) Nothing in this section prohibits a person referred to in subsection (a) from qualifying for licensure under this article.".

Page 37, delete lines 37 through 42.

Page 38, delete lines 1 through 32.

Page 42, line 36, after "years" insert "Before an individual obtains any post degree clinical experience, the individual must be licensed as a marriage therapist associate under this chapter.".

Page 44, line 27, after "IC 25-1-8-6." insert "An associate license that has been expired for more than one (1) year may not be reinstated under IC 25-1-8-6.".

Page 45, delete lines 16 through 42.

Delete pages 46 through 53.

Page 54, delete lines 1 through 39.

Page 55, delete lines 2 through 3, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 57. IC 25-23-1-28 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008].".

Page 55, delete lines 11 through 42.

Delete page 56.

Page 57, delete lines 1 through 8.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1172 as introduced.)

BROWN C, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 2.

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Health and Provider Services, to which was referred House Bill No. 1172, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Delete the title and insert the following:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning

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health and professions and occupations.

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 5, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 10-14-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "emergency management worker" includes any full-time or part-time paid, volunteer, or auxiliary employee of:

- (1) the state;
- (2) other:
  - (A) states;
  - (B) territories; or
  - (C) possessions;
- (3) the District of Columbia;
- (4) the federal government;
- (5) any neighboring country;
- (6) any political subdivision of an entity described in subdivisions
- (1) through (5); or
- (7) any agency or organization;

performing emergency management services at any place in Indiana subject to the order or control of, or under a request of, the state government or any political subdivision of the state. The term includes a volunteer health practitioner registered under IC 10-14-3.5.

SECTION 2. IC 10-14-3-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 12. (a) The governor shall declare a disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation if the governor determines that a disaster has occurred or that the occurrence or the threat of a disaster is imminent. The state of disaster emergency continues until the governor:

- (1) determines that the threat or danger has passed or the disaster has been dealt with to the extent that emergency conditions no longer exist; and
- (2) terminates the state of disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation.

A state of disaster emergency may not continue for longer than thirty (30) days unless the state of disaster emergency is renewed by the governor. The general assembly, by concurrent resolution, may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time. If the general assembly terminates a state of disaster emergency under this subsection, the governor shall issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency. All executive orders or proclamations issued under this subsection must indicate the nature of the disaster, the area or areas threatened, and the conditions which have brought the disaster about or that make possible termination of the state

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of disaster emergency. An executive order or proclamation under this subsection shall be disseminated promptly by means calculated to bring the order's or proclamation's contents to the attention of the general public. Unless the circumstances attendant upon the disaster prevent or impede, an executive order or proclamation shall be promptly filed with the secretary of state and with the clerk of the city or town affected or with the clerk of the circuit court.

- (b) An executive order or proclamation of a state of disaster emergency:
  - (1) activates the disaster response and recovery aspects of the state, local, and interjurisdictional disaster emergency plans applicable to the affected political subdivision or area; and
  - (2) is authority for:
    - (A) deployment and use of any forces to which the plan or plans apply; and
    - (B) use or distribution of any supplies, equipment, materials, and facilities assembled, stockpiled, or arranged to be made available under this chapter or under any other law relating to disaster emergencies.
- (c) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency, the governor is commander-in-chief of the organized and unorganized militia and of all other forces available for emergency duty. To the greatest extent practicable, the governor shall delegate or assign command authority by prior arrangement embodied in appropriate executive orders or regulations. This section does not restrict the governor's authority to delegate or assign command authority by orders issued at the time of the disaster emergency.
- (d) In addition to the governor's other powers, the governor may do the following while the state of emergency exists:
  - (1) Suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conduct of state business, or the orders, rules, or regulations of any state agency if strict compliance with any of these provisions would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the emergency.
  - (2) Use all available resources of the state government and of each political subdivision of the state reasonably necessary to cope with the disaster emergency.
  - (3) Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of state departments and agencies or units for performing or facilitating emergency services.
  - (4) Subject to any applicable requirements for compensation under section 31 of this chapter, commandeer or use any private













property if the governor finds this action necessary to cope with the disaster emergency.

- (5) Assist in the evacuation of all or part of the population from any stricken or threatened area in Indiana if the governor considers this action necessary for the preservation of life or other disaster mitigation, response, or recovery.
- (6) Prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and destinations in connection with evacuation.
- (7) Control ingress to and egress from a disaster area, the movement of persons within the area, and the occupancy of premises in the area.
- (8) Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives, and combustibles.
- (9) Make provision for the availability and use of temporary emergency housing.
- (10) Allow persons who:
  - (A) are registered as volunteer health practitioners by an approved registration system under IC 10-14-3.5; or
  - **(B)** hold a license to practice medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, nursing, engineering, **veterinary medicine**, **mortuary service**, and similar other professions as may be specified by the governor to practice their respective profession in Indiana during the period of the state of emergency if the state in which a person's license was issued has a mutual aid compact for emergency management with Indiana.
- (11) Give specific authority to allocate drugs, foodstuffs, and other essential materials and services.

SECTION 3. IC 10-14-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]:

Chapter 3.5. Uniform Emergency Volunteer Health Practitioners Act

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "disaster relief organization" means an entity that provides emergency or disaster relief services that include health or veterinary services provided by volunteer health practitioners and:
  - (1) is designated or recognized as a provider of the services under a disaster response and recovery plan adopted by an agency of the federal government or the state emergency management agency; or
  - (2) regularly plans and conducts the entity's activities in coordination with an agency of the federal government or the













state emergency management agency.

- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "emergency" means an event or condition that is an emergency, a disaster, or a public health emergency under this article.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "emergency declaration" means a declaration of emergency issued by a person authorized to do so under state or local laws of Indiana.
- Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "Emergency Management Assistance Compact" means the federal interstate compact under P.L.104-321, 110 Stat. 3877.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "entity" means a person other than an individual.
- Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "health facility" means an entity licensed under the laws of Indiana or another state to provide health or veterinary services.
- Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "health practitioner" means an individual licensed under the laws of Indiana or another state to provide health or veterinary services.
- Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "health services" means the provision of treatment, care, advice, guidance, or other services or supplies related to the health or death of individuals or human populations to the extent necessary to respond to an emergency, including:
  - (1) with respect to the physical or mental condition or functional status of an individual or the structure or function of the body:
    - (A) preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance, or palliative care; and
    - (B) counseling, assessment, procedures, or other services;
  - (2) the sale or dispensing of a drug, a device, equipment, or another item to an individual in accordance with a prescription; and
  - (3) funeral, cremation, cemetery, or other mortuary services.
- Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "host entity" means an entity operating in Indiana that uses volunteer health practitioners to respond to an emergency.
- Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "license" means authorization by a state to engage in health or veterinary services that are unlawful without the authorization.
- (b) The term includes authorization under Indiana law to an individual to provide health or veterinary services based upon a national certification issued by a public or private entity.







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Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "person" means an individual, a corporation, a business trust, a trust, a partnership, a limited liability company, an association, a joint venture, a public corporation, a government or governmental subdivision, an agency, an instrumentality, or another legal or commercial entity.

Sec. 12. As used in this chapter, "scope of practice" means the extent of the authorization to provide health or veterinary services granted to a health practitioner by a license issued to the practitioner in the state in which the principal part of the practitioner's services are rendered, including conditions imposed by the licensing authority.

Sec. 13. As used in this chapter, "state" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or a territory or an insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

Sec. 14. As used in this chapter, "veterinary services" means the provision of treatment, care, advice, guidance, or other services or supplies related to the health or death of an animal or to animal populations to the extent necessary to respond to an emergency, including:

- (1) diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of an animal disease, injury, or other physical or mental condition by the prescription, administration, or dispensing of vaccine, medicine, surgery, or therapy;
- (2) use of a procedure for reproductive management; and
- (3) monitoring and treatment of animal populations for diseases that have spread or demonstrate the potential to spread to humans.

Sec. 15. (a) As used in this chapter, "volunteer health practitioner" means a health practitioner who provides health or veterinary services, whether or not the practitioner receives compensation for those services.

(b) The term does not include a practitioner who receives compensation under a preexisting employment relationship with a host entity or affiliate that requires the practitioner to provide health services in Indiana, unless the practitioner is not a resident of Indiana and is employed by a disaster relief organization providing services in Indiana while an emergency declaration is in effect.

Sec. 16. This chapter applies to volunteer health practitioners who:

(1) are registered with a registration system that complies



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with section 18 of this chapter; and

(2) provide health or veterinary services in Indiana for a host entity while an emergency declaration is in effect.

Sec. 17. (a) While an emergency declaration is in effect, the state emergency management agency may limit, restrict, or otherwise regulate:

- (1) the duration of practice by volunteer health practitioners;
- (2) the geographical areas in which volunteer health practitioners may practice;
- (3) the types of volunteer health practitioners who may practice; and
- (4) any other matters necessary to coordinate effectively the provision of health or veterinary services during the emergency.
- (b) An order issued under subsection (a) may take effect immediately, without prior notice or comment, and is not a rule within the meaning of IC 4-22-2.
- (c) A host entity that uses volunteer health practitioners to provide health or veterinary services in Indiana shall:
  - (1) consult and coordinate the host entity's activities with the state emergency management agency to the extent practicable to provide for the efficient and effective use of volunteer health practitioners; and
  - (2) comply with any laws other than this chapter relating to the management of emergency health or veterinary services, including this article.
- Sec. 18. (a) To qualify as a volunteer health practitioner registration system, a system must:
  - (1) accept applications for the registration of volunteer health practitioners before or during an emergency;
  - (2) include information about the licensure and good standing of health practitioners that is accessible by authorized persons;
  - (3) be capable of confirming the accuracy of information concerning whether a health practitioner is licensed and in good standing before health services or veterinary services are provided under this chapter; and
  - (4) meet one (1) of the following conditions:
    - (A) Be an emergency system for advance registration of volunteer health practitioners established by a state and funded through the Health Resources Services Administration under section 319I of the federal Public

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Health Services Act, 42 U.S.C. 247d-7b.

- (B) Be a local unit consisting of trained and equipped emergency response, public health, and medical personnel formed under section 2801 of the federal Public Health Services Act, 42 U.S.C. 300hh.
- (C) Be operated by a:
  - (i) disaster relief organization;
  - (ii) licensing board;
  - (iii) national or regional association of licensing boards or health practitioners;
  - (iv) health facility that provides comprehensive inpatient and outpatient health care services, including a tertiary care and teaching hospital; or
  - (v) governmental entity.
- (D) Be designated by the state emergency management agency as a registration system for purposes of this chapter.
- (b) While an emergency declaration is in effect, the state emergency management agency, a person authorized to act on behalf of the state emergency management agency, or a host entity may confirm whether volunteer health practitioners used in Indiana are registered with a registration system that complies with subsection (a). Confirmation is limited to obtaining identities of the practitioners from the system and determining whether the system indicates that the practitioners are licensed and in good standing.
- (c) Upon request of a person in Indiana authorized under subsection (b), or a similarly authorized person in another state, a registration system located in Indiana shall notify the person of the identities of volunteer health practitioners and whether the practitioners are licensed and in good standing.
- (d) A host entity is not required to use the services of a volunteer health practitioner even if the practitioner is registered with a registration system that indicates that the practitioner is licensed and in good standing.
- Sec. 19. (a) While an emergency declaration is in effect, a volunteer health practitioner, registered with a registration system that complies with section 18 of this chapter and licensed and in good standing in the state upon which the practitioner's registration is based, may practice in Indiana to the extent authorized by this chapter as if the practitioner were licensed in Indiana.











(b) A volunteer health practitioner qualified under subsection (a) is not entitled to the protections of this chapter if the practitioner is licensed in more than one (1) state and any license of the practitioner is suspended, revoked, or subject to an agency order limiting or restricting practice privileges or has been voluntarily terminated under threat of sanction.

Sec. 20. (a) As used in this section:

- (1) "credentialing" means obtaining, verifying, and assessing the qualifications of a health practitioner to provide treatment, care, or services in or for a health facility; and
- (2) "privileging" means the authorizing by an appropriate authority, such as a governing body, of a health practitioner to provide specific treatment, care, or services at a health facility subject to limits based on factors that include license, education, training, experience, competence, health status, and specialized skill.
- (b) This chapter does not affect credentialing or privileging standards of a health facility and does not preclude a health facility from waiving or modifying those standards while an emergency declaration is in effect.
- Sec. 21. (a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), a volunteer health practitioner shall adhere to the scope of practice for a similarly licensed practitioner established by the licensing provisions, practice acts, or other laws of Indiana.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), this chapter does not authorize a volunteer health practitioner to provide services that are outside the practitioner's scope of practice, even if a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would be permitted to provide the services.
- (c) The state emergency management agency may modify or restrict the health or veterinary services that volunteer health practitioners may provide under this chapter. An order under this subsection may take effect immediately, without prior notice or comment, and is not a rule within the meaning of IC 4-22-2.
- (d) A host entity may restrict the health or veterinary services that a volunteer health practitioner may provide under this chapter.
- (e) A volunteer health practitioner does not engage in unauthorized practice unless the practitioner has reason to know of a limitation, modification, or restriction under this section or that a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would not be permitted to provide the services. A volunteer health practitioner

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has reason to know of a limitation, modification, or restriction or that a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would not be permitted to provide a service if:

- (1) the practitioner knows the limitation, modification, or restriction exists or that a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would not be permitted to provide the service; or
- (2) from all the facts and circumstances known to the practitioner at the relevant time, a reasonable person would conclude that the limitation, modification, or restriction exists or that a similarly licensed practitioner in Indiana would not be permitted to provide the service.
- (f) In addition to the authority granted by laws of Indiana other than this chapter to regulate the conduct of health practitioners, a licensing board or other disciplinary authority in Indiana:
  - (1) may impose administrative sanctions upon a health practitioner licensed in Indiana for conduct outside of Indiana in response to an out-of-state emergency;
  - (2) may impose administrative sanctions upon a practitioner not licensed in Indiana for conduct in Indiana in response to an in-state emergency; and
  - (3) shall report any administrative sanctions imposed upon a practitioner licensed in another state to the appropriate licensing board or other disciplinary authority in any other state in which the practitioner is known to be licensed.
- (g) In determining whether to impose administrative sanctions under subsection (f), a licensing board or other disciplinary authority shall consider the circumstances in which the conduct took place, including any exigent circumstances, and the practitioner's scope of practice, education, training, experience, and specialized skill.
- Sec. 22. (a) This chapter does not limit the rights, privileges, or immunities provided to volunteer health practitioners by laws other than this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (b), this chapter does not affect requirements for the use of health practitioners under the Emergency Management Assistance Compact.
- (b) The state emergency management agency, under the Emergency Management Assistance Compact or the Interstate Emergency Management and Disaster Compact, may incorporate into the emergency forces of Indiana volunteer health practitioners who are not officers or employees of Indiana, a political subdivision of Indiana, or a municipality or other local government











within Indiana.

Sec. 23. The state emergency management agency may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter. In doing so, the state emergency management agency shall consult with and consider the recommendations of the entity established to coordinate the implementation of the Emergency Management Assistance Compact or the Interstate Emergency Management and Disaster Compact and shall also consult with and consider rules adopted by similarly empowered agencies in other states to promote uniformity of application of this chapter and make the emergency response systems in the various states reasonably compatible.

Sec. 24. In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

SECTION 4. IC 12-7-2-118.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 118.3.** "**Initiative**", **for purposes of IC 12-31-2**, has the meaning set forth in **IC 12-31-2-1**.

SECTION 5. IC 12-7-2-132.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 132.5.** "Nonprofit corporation", for purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-1.

SECTION 6. IC 12-7-2-142.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: **Sec. 142.7.** "Postnatal donation", for purposes of IC 12-31, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.

SECTION 7. IC 12-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]:

## ARTICLE 31. UMBILICAL CORD BLOOD

Chapter 1. Public Umbilical Cord Blood Bank

Sec. 1. As used in this article, "nonprofit corporation" refers to the Indiana nonprofit corporation formed by the office of the secretary under section 3 of this chapter to establish and operate a public umbilical cord blood bank.

Sec. 2. As used in this article, "postnatal donation" means any of the following donations by a patient to the public umbilical cord blood bank:

- (1) Postnatal fluid, including umbilical cord blood.
- (2) Postnatal tissue, including the placenta and tissue







extracted from an umbilical cord.

- Sec. 3. (a) The office of the secretary shall form a nonprofit corporation to establish and provide for the operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank to promote public health and to exercise other essential governmental functions.
- (b) The office of the secretary shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the protection of individual identifiable health information regarding the operation of the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- Sec. 4. (a) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation consists of the following:
  - (1) The state health commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
  - (2) The secretary or the secretary's designee.
  - (3) The secretary of commerce appointed under IC 5-28-3-4 or the secretary's designee.
  - (4) The director of the state department of health's office of minority health.
  - (5) The following individuals appointed by the governor:
    - (A) One (1) president or chief executive officer of an Indiana based hospital.
    - (B) One (1) research scientist with expertise in umbilical cord blood research.
    - (C) One (1) ethicist with expertise in bioethics.
    - (D) One (1) physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who specializes in birthing and delivery.
    - (E) One (1) representative of a donor umbilical cord blood bank facility.
    - (F) One (1) member of the interagency state council on black and minority health established under IC 16-46-6.
- (b) The board of directors shall appoint an advisory board. At least fifty-one percent (51%) of the advisory board members must be research scientists with expertise in stem cell research.
- (c) The advisory board, using criteria established by the board of directors, is responsible for reviewing applications from research scientists, research institutions, and other persons interested in receiving a postnatal donation that is ineligible for transplant use from the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- (d) The board of directors may contract with a person to perform the management and administrative operations of the public umbilical cord blood bank. The person shall follow the federal Food and Drug Administration's current good tissue











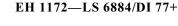
practices.

- (e) Subject to approval by the budget agency, the board of directors may, without the approval of the attorney general, employ legal counsel, technical experts, and other officers, agents, and employees that the board of directors considers necessary to carry out the efficient operation of a public umbilical cord blood bank.
- (f) The board of directors shall determine the terms and conditions of the participating agreement that is executed with each participating hospital.
  - Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall do the following:
    - (1) Establish procedures and guidelines for collecting, maintaining, and receiving postnatal donations.
    - (2) Educate health care professionals about the procedures and requirements for collecting and maintaining postnatal donations following the birth of a newborn infant.
    - (3) Establish procedures concerning patient informed consent and privacy that are approved by an independent institutional review board selected by the board of directors.
- Sec. 6. (a) The nonprofit corporation shall accept postnatal donations at no charge or cost to the donor.
- (b) The nonprofit corporation may allow the following to use the postnatal donations:
  - (1) Transplant centers.
  - (2) Research centers approved by the nonprofit corporation that will use the postnatal donation to promote medical advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.
  - (3) Any other entity approved by the nonprofit corporation if the entity will use the postnatal donation to promote medical advances, life science research, or biotechnology research.
- (c) Any postnatal donations maintained by the public umbilical cord blood bank must be allocated as follows:
  - (1) Postnatal donations that are of transplantable quality according to the National Marrow Donor Program, the federal Food and Drug Administration's approved protocol, or other relevant national practice and quality standards must be allocated for medical transplants.
  - (2) Postnatal donations that do not meet the transplant quality standards referred to in subdivision (1) and that are suitable for research must be made available for scientific research or medical treatments that comply with relevant national practice and quality standards.











- (d) The nonprofit corporation shall acquire and maintain adequate liability insurance coverage.
- Sec. 7. The nonprofit corporation may maintain postnatal donations at no charge or cost to the donor.
- Sec. 8. The nonprofit corporation may award a grant to a person for work with postnatal donations.
- Sec. 9. The nonprofit corporation shall report annually to the health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3 concerning the following:
  - (1) The implementation of the umbilical cord blood bank.
  - (2) The number of postnatal donations used for transplants and the number of postnatal donations used for research.

Chapter 2. Umbilical Cord Blood Donation Initiative

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "initiative" refers to the umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under section 2 of this chapter.
- Sec. 2. The nonprofit corporation shall establish an umbilical cord blood donation initiative to promote public awareness concerning the following:
  - (1) A pregnant woman's option to make a postnatal donation upon the birth of a newborn infant.
  - (2) The medical benefits of postnatal tissue and postnatal fluids.
  - (3) The importance of donating umbilical cord blood to the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- Sec. 3. The nonprofit corporation may accept a grant from the federal government or money from the state government or private contributions to establish and implement the initiative.
- Sec. 4. (a) The initiative must include the dissemination of written material that includes the following:
  - (1) Information concerning the option that is available to pregnant women to make a postnatal donation upon the birth of a newborn infant.
  - (2) An explanation of the benefits of public umbilical cord blood banking.
  - (3) The benefits of umbilical cord blood in accordance with the National Marrow Donor Program or another federal Food and Drug Administration approved protocol and the use of umbilical cord blood for medical treatment, including the following:
    - (A) A list of the diseases or conditions that have been treated through the use of umbilical cord blood.









- (B) A list of the diseases or conditions for which scientific research indicates that treatment through the use of umbilical cord blood is promising.
- (4) Information on the public umbilical cord blood bank.
- (5) Information concerning the process by which postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid are collected and the steps that a pregnant woman must take before her child is born to arrange to have the postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid collected and donated.
- (b) The nonprofit corporation shall:
  - (1) update the material described in subsection (a); and
  - (2) distribute the material to the following persons that treat pregnant women:
    - (A) Physicians licensed under IC 25-22.5.
    - (B) Participating hospitals.
    - (C) Ambulatory surgical centers.
    - (D) Health clinics.
    - (E) Maternity homes registered under IC 16-26-1.
    - (F) Nurse midwives licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1.
- Sec. 5. The nonprofit corporation shall develop a process for physicians, nurse midwives, birthing centers, and participating hospitals to inform eligible candidates of the opportunity to make postnatal donations to the public umbilical cord blood bank following delivery of a newborn infant.
- Sec. 6. The nonprofit corporation that establishes the initiative described in this chapter must meet all the requirements and responsibilities set forth in IC 23-17.
- Sec. 7. (a) Any intellectual property developed by the nonprofit corporation establishing the initiative under this chapter is the property of the nonprofit corporation. A donor must consent to release to the public umbilical cord blood bank any property right related to the postnatal donation, including any claim of intellectual property rights derived from the postnatal donation.
- (b) The entire right, title, and interest in and to any intellectual property derived from a postnatal donation transfers with the postnatal tissue and postnatal fluid after the postnatal donation is allocated by the public umbilical cord blood bank for research purposes.

SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-36.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.96-2005, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 36.5. (a) "Birthing center", for purposes of IC 16-21-2 and IC 16-21-7.5, means a freestanding entity that has the

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sole purpose of delivering a normal or uncomplicated pregnancy.

(b) The term does not include a hospital that is licensed as a hospital under IC 16-21-2.".

Page 2, between lines 23 and 24, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 10. IC 16-21-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]:

Chapter 7.5. Hospital and Birthing Center Requirement Regarding Umbilical Cord Blood Donation

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "postnatal donation" has the meaning set forth in IC 12-31-1-2.
- Sec. 2. Before a hospital or birthing center participates in collecting donations for the public umbilical cord blood bank established under IC 12-31-1-3(a), the hospital or birthing center shall enter into a written agreement with the public umbilical cord blood bank establishing the:
  - (1) conditions of the hospital's or birthing center's participation; and
- (2) obligations of the hospital or birthing center; in the umbilical cord blood donation initiative established under IC 12-31-2-2.
- Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this chapter, a participating hospital or birthing center licensed under this article must offer a patient who delivers a newborn infant at the participating hospital or birthing center the option of making a postnatal donation following delivery of the newborn infant.
- (b) A patient may not be charged for the collection, storage, or donation to the public umbilical cord blood bank established under IC 12-31-1-3(a).
- Sec. 4. (a) A participating hospital or birthing center is not required to collect a postnatal donation if either of the following applies:
  - (1) In the professional judgment of a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 or a nurse midwife licensed under IC 25-23-1-13.1, the collection would threaten the health of the mother or the infant.
  - (2) The postnatal donation is contrary to the moral principles or beliefs of the religious denomination with which the participating hospital or birthing center is affiliated.
- (b) An employee of a participating hospital or birthing center is not required to collect a postnatal donation if the postnatal donation is contrary to the religious principles or beliefs of the





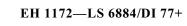






employee.

- Sec. 5. A participating hospital or birthing center shall cooperate with the nonprofit corporation (as defined in IC 12-31-1-1) in accomplishing the public health goal of maximizing postnatal donations.
- Sec. 6. A hospital or birthing center is not required to enter into an agreement with the public umbilical cord blood bank and may enter into contracts concerning postnatal tissue and postnatal fluids with any person."
  - Page 4, line 1, strike "provide school based health".
  - Page 4, line 1, after "nursing" insert "furnish health and nursing".
  - Page 4, line 1, delete ".".
- Page 4, line 2, after "county." insert "to elementary and secondary schools within the county.".
  - Page 6, delete lines 10 through 42.
  - Page 7, delete lines 1 through 8.
  - Page 8, line 4, delete "licensed".
- Page 8, line 4, after "nurse" insert "licensed under IC 25-23 or a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5".
- Page 8, delete lines 36 through 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:
- "SECTION 18. IC 25-2.5-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 3. (a) An applicant may, upon the payment of a fee established by the board, be granted a license if the applicant:
  - (1) submits satisfactory evidence to the board that the applicant has been licensed to practice acupuncture in another state or authorized in another country under qualifications substantially equivalent to those specified in this chapter for a license to practice acupuncture;
  - (2) meets the requirements of section 1(1) through 1(4) of this chapter; and
  - (3) shows to the satisfaction of the board that the applicant has:
    - (A) successfully completed a clean needle technique course substantially equivalent to a clean needle technique course approved by a national acupuncture association approved by the board;
    - (B) successfully completed a three (3) year postsecondary training program or acupuncture college program that meets the standards substantially equivalent to the standards for a three (3) year postsecondary training













program or acupuncture college program approved by a national acupuncture association approved by the board; and

- (C) passed an examination substantially equivalent to the examination required by a national acupuncture association approved by the board.
- (b) An applicant may, upon the payment of a fee established by the board, be granted a professional's license to practice acupuncture if the applicant submits satisfactory evidence to the board that the applicant is a:
  - (1) chiropractor licensed under IC 25-10;
  - (2) dentist licensed under IC 25-14; or
  - (3) podiatrist licensed under IC 25-29;

with at least two hundred (200) hours of acupuncture training.

- (c) The board shall:
  - (1) compile, at least once every two (2) years, a list of courses and institutions that provide training approved for the purpose of qualifying an individual for a professional's license under subsection (b); and
  - (2) adopt rules that set forth procedures for the case by case approval of training under subsection (b).
- (d) If an individual's license described in subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) is subject to any restrictions as the result of disciplinary action taken against the individual by the board that regulates the individual's profession, the same restrictions shall be applied to the individual's professional's license to practice acupuncture.
- (e) An individual's professional's license issued under subsection (b) shall be suspended if the individual's license described under subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) is suspended.
- (f) An individual's professional's license issued under subsection (b) shall be revoked if the individual's license described under subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) is revoked.
- (g) The practice of acupuncture by an individual issued a professional's license under subsection (b) is limited to the scope of practice of the individual's license described in subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3)."

Page 9, line 1, reset in roman "(a) Subject to section".

Page 9, reset in roman lines 2 through 3.

Page 9, line 20, after "(d)" insert "(b)".

Page 10, line 13, delete "." and insert "by the dental hygienist.".

Page 10, line 16, delete ", when" and insert "by the dental hygienist if".

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Page 10, line 23, after "setting" insert ", except as described in subdivisions (3) through (5),".

Page 10, line 27, delete "." and insert "if direct supervision by a licensed dentist is provided for training on providing local anesthetics by injection.".

Page 11, line 27, after "Sec. 10.6." insert "(a)".

Page 11, line 30, delete "requirements;" and insert "requirements, including cardiopulmonary resuscitation and emergency care training;".

Page 11, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) Local dental anesthetics do not include nitrous oxide or similar anesthetics.".

Page 12, line 6, delete "anesthetics under section 10.6 of" and insert "anesthetics, except for the administration of local dental anesthetics by:

- (A) a dentist as provided in IC 25-14-1-23(a)(6); or
- (B) a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5.".

Page 12, delete line 7.

Page 12, line 23, delete "." and insert "by the dental assistant.".

Page 13, line 9, delete "," and insert "and IC 25-13-1-10.6,".

Page 15, line 28, delete "IC 25-13-1(3)," and insert "IC 25-13-1-11(3),".

Page 16, line 1, delete ":" and insert "if the person has received training in the performance of hypnotism:".

Page 19, line 11, delete "IC 25-23.3." and insert "IC 25-23.2 (repealed).".

Page 19, between lines 11 and 12, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(5) If requested by the nonprofit corporation formed under IC 12-31-1-3, provide assistance to the public umbilical cord blood bank and umbilical cord blood donation initiative.".

Page 24, delete lines 34 through 42.

Page 25, delete line 1.

Page 25, line 2, delete "Sec. 7." and insert "Sec. 6.".

Page 25, line 4, delete "Sec. 8." and insert "Sec. 7.".

Page 25, line 6, delete "board or" and insert "board,".

Page 25, line 7, delete "other authority,".

Page 25, line 10, delete "Sec. 9." and insert "Sec. 8.".

Page 25, line 12, delete "Sec. 10." and insert "Sec. 9.".

Page 25, line 19, delete "Sec. 11." and insert "Sec. 10.".

Page 25, line 22, delete "Sec. 12." and insert "Sec. 11.".

Page 25, line 24, delete "Sec. 13." and insert "Sec. 12.".



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Page 25, line 31, delete "Sec. 14." and insert "Sec. 13.".

Page 25, line 40, delete "Sec. 15." and insert "Sec. 14.".

Page 26, line 1, delete "Sec. 16." and insert "Sec. 15.".

Page 27, line 40, delete "remote state actions," and insert "disciplinary actions taken by the licensing entity or complaints filed by the attorney general,".

Page 27, line 42, delete "current significant" and insert "disciplinary actions taken by the licensing entity or complaints filed by the remote state's attorney general.".

Page 28, line 1, delete "investigative information yet to result in a remote state action.".

Page 29, line 18, delete "Notwithstanding any other law, all" and insert "All".

Page 29, line 19, delete "adverse actions,".

Page 29, line 20, delete "any current significant investigative".

Page 29, line 21, delete "information yet to result in adverse action," and insert "disciplinary actions taken by the licensing entity or complaints filed by the remote state's attorney general,".

Page 29, delete lines 24 through 26.

Page 29, line 27, delete "Sec. 4. Notwithstanding any other law, all" and insert "Sec. 3. All".

Page 29, line 33, delete "Sec. 5." and insert "Sec. 4.".

Page 29, line 39, delete "Sec. 6." and insert "Sec. 5.".

Page 30, line 2, delete "Sec. 7." and insert "Sec. 6.".

Page 31, line 12, delete "is" and insert "are".

Page 32, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) Subsections (a)(4) and (b)(4) do not apply to a person who is specified under section 2 of this chapter.".

Page 38, line 17, after "marriage" insert "and family".

Page 41, line 1, delete "Interstate" and insert "interstate".

Page 41, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 50. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this SECTION, "office" refers to the office of Medicaid policy and planning established by IC 12-8-6-1.

- (b) Before July 1, 2008, the office shall apply to the United States Department of Health and Human Services for an amendment to the state Medicaid plan to provide coverage for adults and children for medically necessary umbilical cord transplants and other related procedures under the state Medicaid program (IC 12-15) if the Medicaid recipient's provider receives prior approval for the procedure from the office.
  - (c) The office may not implement the plan amendment until the











office files an affidavit with the governor attesting that the plan amendment applied for under this SECTION is in effect. The office shall file the affidavit under this subsection not later than five (5) days after the office is notified that the plan amendment is approved.

- (d) If the office receives a plan amendment under this SECTION from the United States Department of Health and Human Services and the governor receives the affidavit filed under subsection (c), the office shall implement the plan amendment not more than sixty (60) days after the governor receives the affidavit.
- (e) The office may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary to implement this SECTION.
  - (f) This SECTION expires December 31, 2013.

SECTION 51. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) The office of the secretary of family and social services shall adopt the rules required by IC 12-31-1-3(b), as added by this act, in the manner provided in IC 4-22-2-37.1. The office shall immediately begin the adoption of the rules and shall adopt the final rules before March 1, 2009.

(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2009.

SECTION 52. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) As used in this SECTION, "commission" refers to the health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3.

- (b) Not later than October 1, 2008, the state police department shall report to the commission and legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 concerning any changes the federal government has made in criminal background check procedures.
  - (c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2008.

SECTION 53. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) This SECTION applies beginning July 1, 2008, and ending June 30, 2009.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other law and except as provided in subsection (c), a person who operates a home health agency under IC 16-27-1 or a personal services agency under IC 16-27-4 shall apply, not more than three (3) business days after the date that an employee begins to provide services in a patient's temporary or permanent residence, for a copy of the employee's limited criminal history under IC 10-13-3.
- (c) If a home health agency or personal services agency determines an employee lived outside Indiana at any time during the two (2) years immediately before the date the individual was hired by the agency, the home health agency or personal services

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agency shall apply, not more than three (3) business days after the date that an employee begins to provide services in a patient's temporary or permanent residence, for the employee's national criminal history background check from the Indiana central repository for criminal history information under IC 10-13-3-39.

(d) This SECTION expires June 30, 2009.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1172 as printed January 25, 2008.)

MILLER, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

#### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Miller be added as cosponsor of Engrossed House Bill 1172.

**MISHLER** 

# SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1172 be amended to read as follows:

Page 56, between lines 21 and 22, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 52. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008] (a) As used in this SECTION, "commission" refers to the health finance commission established by IC 2-5-23-3.

- (b) During the 2008 interim, the commission shall:
  - (1) study domestic violence programs administered by the state; and
  - (2) determine the most appropriate state agency to administer domestic violence programs.
- (c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2008.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1172 as printed February 22, 2008.)

**MILLER** 







### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1172 be amended to read as follows:

Page 22, between lines 18 and 19, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 14. IC 25-1-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2007, SECTION 4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.193-2007, SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.200-2007, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:

"Board" means the appropriate agency listed in the definition of regulated occupation in this section.

"Director" refers to the director of the division of consumer protection.

"Division" refers to the division of consumer protection, office of the attorney general.

"Licensee" means a person who is:

- (1) licensed, certified, or registered by a board listed in this section; and
- (2) the subject of a complaint filed with the division.

"Person" means an individual, a partnership, a limited liability company, or a corporation.

"Regulated occupation" means an occupation in which a person is licensed, certified, or registered by one (1) of the following:

- (1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2.1-2-1).
- (2) Board of registration for architects **and** landscape architects and registered interior designers (IC 25-4-1-2).
- (3) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6.1-2-1).
- (4) State board of barber examiners (IC 25-7-5-1).
- (5) State boxing commission (IC 25-9-1).
- (6) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
- (7) State board of cosmetology examiners (IC 25-8-3-1).
- (8) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).
- (9) State board of funeral and cemetery service (IC 25-15-9).
- (10) State board of registration for professional engineers (IC 25-31-1-3).
- (11) Indiana state board of health facility administrators (IC 25-19-1).
- (12) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).
- (13) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).
- (14) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).
- (15) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).
- (16) Indiana plumbing commission (IC 25-28.5-1-3).

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- (17) Board of podiatric medicine (IC 25-29-2-1).
- (18) Board of environmental health specialists (IC 25-32-1).
- (19) State psychology board (IC 25-33).
- (20) Speech-language pathology and audiology board (IC 25-35.6-2).
- (21) Indiana real estate commission (IC 25-34.1-2).
- (22) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners (IC 15-5-1.1).
- (23) Department of natural resources for purposes of licensing water well drillers under IC 25-39-3.
- (24) Respiratory care committee (IC 25-34.5).
- (25) Private detectives investigator and security guard licensing board (IC 25-30-1-5.1). (IC 25-30-1-5.2).
- (26) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5).
- (27) Social worker, marriage and family therapist, and mental health counselor board (IC 25-23.6).
- (28) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board (IC 25-34.1-8).
- (29) State board of registration for land surveyors (IC 25-21.5-2-1).
- (30) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
- (31) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
- (32) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).
- (33) Indiana hypnotist committee (IC 25-20.5-1-7).
- (34) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27).
- (35) Manufactured home installer licensing board (IC 25-23.7).
- (36) Home inspectors licensing board (IC 25-20.2-3-1).
- (37) State department of health, for out-of-state mobile health care entities.
- (37) (38) State board of massage therapy (IC 25-21.8-2-1).
- (37) (38) (39) Any other occupational or professional agency created after June 30, 1981.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1172 as printed February 22, 2008.)

**MILLER** 

### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1172 be amended to read as follows:

Page 22, between lines 18 and 19, begin a new paragraph and insert:

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"SECTION 14. IC 24-4-15-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.129-2007, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 5. An owner or operator of a health club shall do the following:

- (1) Ensure that a defibrillator is:
  - (A) located on the health club premises and is easily accessible to the health club staff, members, and guests; or
  - (B) if:
    - (i) the health club is located on the premises of a business of which the health club is a part; and
  - (ii) the business has an emergency response team; located on the premises of the business and easily accessible to the emergency response team.
- (2) Employ at least one (1) individual who:
  - (A) has satisfactorily completed a course approved by the American Red Cross or the American Heart Association consistent with the most current national guidelines for; and
- (B) is currently certified in; cardiopulmonary resuscitation and defibrillator use.
- (3) Reasonably ensure that at least one (1) individual described under in subdivision (2) is on the health club premises when staff is present at the health club during the health club's business hours.
- (4) A health club that is not staffed must have the following on the premises:
  - (A) A telephone for 911 telephone call access.
  - (B) A sign in plain view containing an advisory warning that indicates that members of the unstaffed health spa club should be aware that working out alone may pose risks to the a health spa club member's health and safety.
  - (C) A sign in plain view providing instruction in the use of the automated external defibrillator and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
- (5) Ensure compliance with the requirements set forth in IC 16-31-6.5.
- (6) Post a sign at each entrance to the health club that indicates the location of each defibrillator.

SECTION 15. IC 24-4-15-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.129-2007, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 7. (a) The:

(1) state department and the division of fire and building safety



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may inspect a health club at any time:

- (1) (A) according to rules adopted by the state department; or (2) (B) in response to a filed complaint alleging noncompliance with this chapter; and
- (2) fire department that serves the area in which a health club is located shall inspect the health club for compliance with this chapter if the health club is inspected as part of an inspection program under IC 36-8-17-8.
- (b) A fire department may inspect a health club for compliance with this chapter as part of an inspection program under IC 36-8-17-8.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to EHB 1172 as printed February 22, 2008.)

**MILLER** 









